

Moving Picture, Audio and Data Coding by Artificial Intelligence www.mpai.community

MPAI Technical Specification

Context-based Audio Enhancement MPAI-CAE

V1.1

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1 Introduction

In recent years, Artificial Intelligence (AI) and related technologies, applied to a broad range of applications, have started affecting the life of millions of people and they are expected to do so even more in the future. As digital media standards have positively influenced industry and billions of people, so AI-based data coding standards are expected to have a similar positive impact. Indeed, research has shown that data coding with AI-based technologies is generally *more efficient* than with existing technologies for, e.g., compression and feature-based description.

However, some AI technologies may carry inherent risks, e.g., in terms of bias toward some classes of users. Therefore, the need for standardisation is more important and urgent than ever.

The international, unaffiliated, not-for-profit MPAI – Moving Picture, Audio and Data Coding by Artificial Intelligence Standards Developing Organisation has the mission to develop *AI-enabled data coding standards*. MPAI Application Standards enable the development of AI-based products, applications and services.

As a part of its mission, MPAI has developed standards operating procedures to enable a user of MPAI implementations to make informed decision about their applicability. Central to this is the notion of Performance, defined as a set of attributes characterising a reliable and trustworthy implementation.

For the aforementioned reasons, to fully achieve the MPAI mission, technical standards must be complemented by the creation and management of an ecosystem designed to underpin the life cycle of MPAI standards through the steps of specification, technical testing, assessment of product safety and security, and distribution.

In the following, Terms beginning with a capital letter are defined in *Table 1* if they are specific to this Standard and in *Table 21* if they are common to all MPAI Standards.

The MPAI Ecosystem, fully specified in [1], is composed of:

- MPAI as provider of Technical, Conformance and Performance Specifications.
- Implementers of MPAI standards.
- MPAI-appointed Performance Assessors.
- The MPAI Store which takes care of secure distribution of validated Implementations.

The common infrastructure enabling implementation of MPAI Application Standards is the AI Framework (AIF) Standard (MPAI-AIF), specified in this document.

Figure 1 depicts the MPAI-AIF Reference Model under which Implementations of MPAI Application Standards and user-defined MPAI-AIF conforming applications operate.

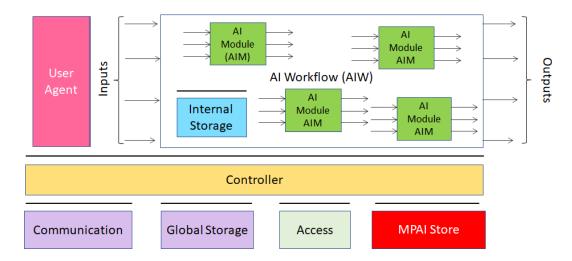


Figure 1 – The AI Framework (AIF) Reference Model and its Components

An AIF Implementation allows execution of AI Workflows (AIW), composed by basic processing elements called AI Modules (AIM).

MPAI Application Standards normatively specify Semantics and Syntax of the input and output data and the Function of the AIW and the AIMs, and the Connections between and among the AIMs of an AIW.

In particular, an AIM is defined by its Function and Data, but not by its internal architecture, which may be based on AI or data processing, and implemented in software, hardware or hybrid software and hardware technologies.

MPAI defines Interoperability as the ability to replace an AIW or an AIM Implementation with a functionally equivalent Implementation. MPAI also defines 3 Interoperability Levels of an AIW that executes an AIW. The AIW may have 3 Levels:

Level 1 – Implementer-specific and satisfying the MPAI-AIF Standard ().

Level 2 – Specified by an MPAI Application Standard (Level 2).

Level 3 – Specified by an MPAI Application Standard and certified by a Performance Assessor. MPAI offers Users access to the promised benefits of AI with a guarantee of increased transparency, trust and reliability as the Interoperability Level of an Implementation moves from 1 to 3. Additional information on Interoperability Levels is provided in Annex 3.

2 Scope of standard

The common characteristic shared by the MPAI-CAE Use Cases is the improvement of the user experience for audio-related applications including entertainment, communication, teleconferencing, gaming, post-production, restoration etc. in a variety of contexts such as in the home, in the car, on-the-go, in the studio etc. using context information to act on the input audio content, and potentially deliver the processed output via an appropriate protocol. They are *Emotion Enhanced Speech (EES)*, *Audio Recording Preservation (ARP)*, *Speech Restoration System (SSR)*, and *Enhanced Audioconference Experience (EAE)*.

This version of the MPAI-CAE Technical Specification has been developed by the CAE-DC Development Committee. Future Versions may revise and/or extend the Scope of the Standard.

2.1 Emotion-Enhanced Speech (EES)

Speech carries information not only about its lexical content, but also about several other aspects including age, gender, identity, and **emotional state of the speaker**. Speech synthesis is evolving towards support of these aspects.

In many use cases, emotional force can usefully be added to speech which by default would be neutral or emotionless, possibly with grades of a particular emotion. For instance, in a human-machine dialogue, messages conveyed by the machine can be more effective if they carry emotions appropriately related to the emotions detected in the human speaker.

Emotion-Enhanced Speech (EES) enables a user to indicate a model utterance or an Emotion to obtain an emotionally charged version of a given utterance.

CAE-EES implementation can be used to create virtual agents communicating as naturally as possible, and thus improve the quality of human-machine interaction by bringing it closer to human-human interchange.

2.2 Audio Recording Preservation (ARP)

Preservation of audio assets recorded on analogue media is an important activity for a variety of application domains, in particular cultural heritage. Preservation goes beyond mere A/D conversion. For instance, the magnetic tape of an open reel may hold important information: it can carry annotations (by the composer or by the technicians) or it can include multiples splices and/or display several types of irregularities (e.g., corruptions of the carrier, tape of different colour or chemical composition). This information must be preserved for a correct playback. Nevertheless, some errors can occur during the digitization as well as the digitization could be partial because of the corruption of the carrier. These errors must be restored to make the content listenable.

The ARP Use Case (see 5.2) concerns the creation of a digital copy of the digitized audio of open reel magnetic tapes for long-term preservation and of an access copy (restored, if necessary) for correct play back of the digitized recording.

2.3 Speech Restoration System (SRS)

The goal of this use case is to restore a Damaged Segment of an Audio Segment containing only speech from a single speaker. The damage may affect the entire segment, or only part of it.

Restoration will not involve filtering or signal processing. Instead, *replacements* for the damaged vocal elements will be *synthesised* using a speech model. The latter is a component or set of components, normally including one or more neural networks, which accepts text and possibly other specifications, and delivers audible speech in a specified format – here, the speech of the required replacement or replacements. If the damage affects the entire segment, an entirely new segment is synthesized; if only parts are affected, corresponding segments will be synthesized individually to enable later integration into the undamaged parts of the Damaged Segment, with reference to appropriate Time Labels.

The speech segments necessary for creation of the speech model can be flexibly resourced from undamaged parts of the input segment or from other recording sources consistent with the original segment's sound environment.

2.4 Enhanced Audioconference Experience (EAE)

The user experience of a video/audio conference is very often far from satisfactory due to multiple competing speakers, non-ideal acoustical properties of the physical spaces that the speakers occupy and/or background noise. These can lead to a reduction in intelligibility of speech resulting in participants not fully understanding what their interlocutors are saying, in addition to creating a distraction and eventually leading to what is known as *audioconference fatigue*.

When microphone arrays are used to capture the speakers, most of the described problems can be resolved by appropriate processing of the captured signals. The speech signal from multiple speakers can be separated from each other, the non-ideal acoustics of the space can be reduced and any background noise could be substantially suppressed.

Enhanced Audioconference Experience (EAE) aims to provide a complete solution to process speech signals recorded by microphone arrays to provide clear speech signals free from background noise and acoustics-related artefacts to improve the auditory quality of audioconference experience.

The AIMs of the Enhanced Audioconference Experience (EAE) Use Case improve auditory experience in an audioconference, thereby substantially reducing the effects of audioconference fatigue.

2.5 Normative content of the Use Cases

Each Use Case normatively defines:

- 1. The Functions of the AIW and of the AIMs.
- 2. The Connections between and among the AIMs.
- 3. The <u>Semantics</u> and the <u>Formats</u> of the input and output data of the AIW and the AIMs.

The word *normatively* implies that an Implementation claiming Conformance to:

- 1. An AIW, shall:
 - a. Have the AIW Function specified in the appropriate Section of Chapter 4.1.
 - b. Have all its AIMs and their Connections conforming with the AIW Reference Model specified in the appropriate Section of Chapter 4.1.
 - c. The AIW and AIM input and output data should have the Formats specified in the appropriate Subsection of Section 6.3.
- 2. An AIM, shall:
 - a. Have the AIM Function specified by the appropriate Section of Chapter 4.1.
 - b. Have input and output data Formats conforming with the appropriate Subsection of Section 6.3.
 - c. Receive as input and produce as output data having the Format specified in Section 6.3.
- 3. A data *Format*, the data shall have the Format specified in Section 6.3.

Users of this Technical Specification should note that:

- 1. This Technical Specification defines Interoperability Levels but does not mandate any.
- 2. Implementers are free to decide the Interoperability Level their Implementation should satisfy.
- 3. Implementers can use the Reference Software specification to develop their Implementations.
- 4. The Conformance Testing specification can be used to test the conformity of an Implementation to this Standard.
- 5. Performance Assessors can assess the level of Performance of an Implementation based on the Performance Assessment specification of this Standard.
- 6. The MPAI Ecosystem outlined in Annex 3 is governed by [1].
- 7. Implementers and Users should consider the notices and disclaimers of Annex 2.

3 Terms and Definitions

The Terms used in this standard whose first letter is capital have the meaning defined in *Table 1*. The general MPAI Terms are defined in *Table 21*.

Table I	– Tab	rle of	terms	and	definitions

Term	Definition
Access Copy Files Set of files providing the information stored in an audio tape	
	recording, including Restored Audio Files, suitable for audio
	information access, but not for long-term preservation.
Audio	Digital representation of an analogue audio signal sampled at a
	frequency between 8-192 kHz with a number of bits/sample between
	8 and 32.

Audio Block	A set of consecutive Audio samples.
Audio Channel	A sequence of Audio Blocks.
Audio File	A .wav file [6].
Audio Object	Direct audio source which is in the audible frequency band.
Audio Scene	Spatial information for the Audio Objects which are included in an
Geometry	audio scene.
Audio Segment	An Audio Block with Start Time and an End Time Labels
	corresponding to the time of the first and last sample of the Audio
	Segment, respectively.
Audio-Visual File	A file containing audio and video according to the MP4 File Format
	[10].
Capstan	The capstan is a rotating spindle used to move recording tape through
Сирыші	the mechanism of a tape recorder.
Damaged List	A list of strings of Texts corresponding to the Damaged Segments (if
Damagea Elst	any) requiring replacement with synthetic segments.
Damaged Section	An Audio Segment which is damaged in its entirety and is contained
Damageu Section	in a Damaged Segment.
Damagad Cagmant	
Damaged Segment	An Audio Segment containing only speech (and not containing music or other sounds) which is either damaged in its entirety or contains one
D	or more Damaged Sections specified in the Damaged List.
Degree	Strength of a feature, specifically, with respect to Emotion, "High,"
THE THE	"Medium," or "Low."
Editing List	The description of the speed, equalisation and reading backwards
	corrections occurred during the restoration process.
Emotion	One of the human emotions listed in <i>Table 15</i> , or in an augmented or
	alternate version of this <i>Table 15</i> .
Emotionless Speech	An Audio File containing speech without music and other sounds, and
	in which little or no identifiable emotion is perceptible by native
	listeners.
Interleaved	A data structure containing more than 2 time-aligned interleaved
Multichannel Audio	Audio Channels.
Irregularity	An event of interest to preservation from in <i>Table 17</i> and <i>Table 18</i> .
Irregularity File	A JSON file containing information about Irregularities of the ARP
	inputs.
Irregularity Image	An Image corresponding to an Irregularity.
JSON	JavaScript object notation [13].
Microphone Array	Description of the position of each microphone comprising the
Geometry	microphone array and specific characteristics such as microphone
	type, look directions, and the array type.
Model Utterance	An Audio Segment used as a model or demonstration of the Emotion
2	to be added to Emotionless Speech in order to produce Speech with
	Emotion.
Multichannel Audio	Multichannel Audio packaged with Audio Scene Geometry.
+ Audio Scene	Parameter Parameter Numerical Scotte Scottering.
Geometry	
Neural Network	A Neural Network Model trained on Speech Segments for Modelling
Speech Model	and used to synthesize replacements for the entire Damaged Segment
Special Model	or Damaged Sections within it.
	or Damagoa sections within it.

Passthrough AIM	An AIM with the same input and output data of an AIM without executing the Function of that AIM. E.g., a Noise Cancellation AIM that does not cancel the noise.
Preservation Audio	The input Audio File resulting from the digitisation of an audio
File	open-reel tape to be preserved and, in case, restored.
Preservation Audio-	The input Audio-Visual File produced by a camera pointed to the
Visual File	playback head of the magnetic tape recorder and the synchronised
	Audio resulting from the tape digitisation process.
Preservation Image	A Video frame extracted from Preservation Audio-Visual File.
Preservation Master	Set of files providing the information stored in an audio tape recording
Files	without any restoration. As soon as the original analogue recordings
	is no more accessible, it becomes the new item for long-term
D . 1 A 1' E'1	preservation.
Restored Audio Files	Set of Audio Files derived from the Preservation Audio File, where
	potential speed, equalisation or reading backwards errors that
D . 1 A 1'	occurred in the digitisation process have been corrected.
Restored Audio	An Audio Segment in which the entire segment has been replaced by
Segment	a synthetic speech segment, or in which each Damaged Segment has
Consoli Consoli for	been replaced by a synthetic speech segment.
Speech Segments for Modelling	A set of Audio Files containing speech segments used to train the Neural Network Speech Model.
Speech With Emotion	An Audio File containing speech with emotional features.
File	All Audio I lie containing speech with emotional leatures.
Spherical Grid	The maximum spherical angle between any two neighbouring
Resolution	sampled points on a sphere.
Time Code	Number of ms from 1970-01-01T00:00:00.000 according to [4].
Time Label	A measure of time from a context-dependent zero time expressed as
	HH:mm:ss.SSS.
Transform Denoised	Transform Audio whose samples are Denoised Speech samples.
Speech	
Useful Signal	Digital signal resulting from the A/D conversion of the analogue
	signal recorded in an audio tape.

4 Normative References

This standard normatively references the following technical specifications, both from MPAI and other standard organisations:

- 1. Technical Specification: The governance of the MPAI ecosystem V1.
- 2. Technical Specification: AI Framework WD0.12, N402.
- 3. A Universally Unique IDentifier (UUID) URN Namespace; IETF RFC 4122; July 2005.
- 4. Date and Time on the Internet: Time Stamps; IETF RFC 3339; July 2002.
- 5. Universal Coded Character Set (UCS): ISO/IEC 10646; December 2020.
- 6. WAVE PCM sound file format, http://soundfile.sapp.org/doc/WaveFormat/.
- 7. ISO/IEC 14496-10; Information technology Coding of audio-visual objects Part 10: Advanced Video Coding.
- 8. ISO/IEC 23008-2; Information technology High efficiency coding and media delivery in heterogeneous environments Part 2: High Efficiency Video Coding.
- 9. ISO/IEC 23094-1; Information technology General video coding Part 1: Essential Video Coding.

- 10. ISO/IEC 14496-12; Information technology Coding of audio-visual objects Part 12: ISO base media file format.
- 11. ZIP format, https://pkware.cachefly.net/webdocs/casestudies/APPNOTE.TXT.
- 12. Neural Network Exchange Format; https://www.khronos.org/registry/NNEF/specs/1.0/nnef-1.0.4.pdf; Khronos.
- 13. The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format; https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8259; IETF rfc8259; December 2017.
- 14. BS EN 60094-1:1994, BS 6288-1: 1994, IEC 94-1:1981 Magnetic tape sound recording and reproducing systems Part 1: Specification for general conditions and requirements.
- 15. K. Bradley, IASA TC-04 Guidelines in the Production and Preservation of Digital Audio Objects: standards, recommended practices, and strategies., 2nd ed. International Association of Sound and Audiovisual Archives, (2009): 2014.

4.1 Informative References

The references provided here are for information purpose.

- 16. Ekman, Paul (1999), "Basic Emotions", in Dalgleish, T; Power, M (eds.), Handbook of Cognition and Emotion (PDF), Sussex, UK: John Wiley & Sons.
- 17. https://kb.xpertdoc.com/pages/viewpage.action?pageId=24577694.
- 18. B. Rafaely, Fundamentals of spherical array processing, Springer, 2018.

5 Use Case Architectures

5.1 Emotion-Enhanced Speech (EES)

5.1.1 Scope of Use Case

Emotion-Enhanced Speech (EES) converts an individual emotionless speech segment to a segment that has a specified emotion. Both input and output speech segments are contained in files. The desired emotion is expressed either as a tag belonging to a standard list of emotions or derived by extracting features from a model utterance. EES produces an output speech segment with emotion.

5.1.2 I/O data

Table 2 gives the input and output data of Emotion-Enhanced Speech.

Table 2 – I/O data of Emotion-Enhanced Speech

Input data	Comments
Emotionless Speech	See definition in <i>Table 1</i> .
Emotion	See definition in <i>Table 1</i> .
Model Utterance	See definition in <i>Table 1</i> .
Output data	Comments
Speech with Emotion	See definition in <i>Table 1</i> .

5.1.3 Implementation Architecture

The Emotion-Enhanced Speech Reference Model depicted in

Figure 2 supports two Modes or pathways enabling addition of emotional charge to an emotionless or neutral input utterance (Emotion-less Speech).

- 1. Along Pathway 1 (
- 2. *Figure* 2, upper and middle left), a Model Utterance is input together with the neutral utterance Emotionless Speech, so that features of the former can be captured and transferred to the latter.
- 3. Alternatively, along Pathway 2 (

4. Figure 2, middle and lower left), neutral utterance Emotionless Speech is input along with a specification of the desired Emotion. Speech Feature Analyser2 extracts Emotionless Speech Features from Emotionless Speech, which describe its initial state. These are sent to Emotion Feature Producer, which produces (emotional) Speech Features that can add the desired emotional charge to Emotionless Speech. These Speech Features are sent to Emotion Inserter, which combines Emotionless Speech and the (emotional) Speech Features set. Speech with Emotion is then produced as output.

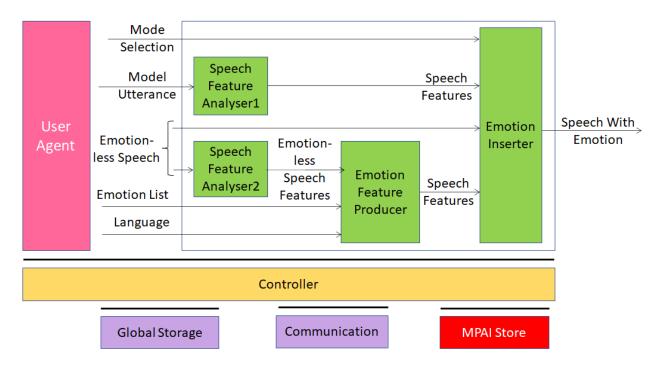


Figure 2 – Emotion-Enhanced Speech Reference Model

5.1.4 AI Modules

The AI Modules of

Figure 2 perform the functions described in Table 3.

Table 3 – AI Modules of Emotion-Enhanced Speech

AIM	Function
Speech	Extracts Speech Features of a model emotional utterance and transfers them to
Feature	the Emotion Inserter.
Analyser 1	
Speech	Extracts Speech Features of an emotionless input utterance, passing these to
Feature	Emotion Feature Producer.
Analyser2	
Emotion	Receives the Speech Features produced by Speech Feature Analyser2 plus a list
Feature	of Emotions to be added. (If the Degree of an Emotion is not specified, the
Producer	Medium value is used.)
Emotion	Integrates the (emotional) Speech Features with those of the Emotionless Speech
inserter	input, yielding and delivering an emotionally modified utterance.

5.2 Audio Recording Preservation (ARP)

5.2.1 Scope of Use Case

In this Audio Recording Preservation Use Case, two files are fed into a preservation system:

- 1. A Preservation Audio File obtained by digitising the analogue tape audio recording composed of music, soundscape or speech read from a magnetic tape.
- 2. A Preservation Audio-Visual File produced by a camera pointed to the playback head of the magnetic tape recorder.

The following is not required:

- 1. Alignment of the start and end times of the two files. However, the maximum tolerated misalignment is 10s.
- 2. Presence of signal at the start and the end of the two files.
- 3. Alignment of the Useful Signal on both files.
- 4. The same time base for both files. However, the time difference between the same samples in two files shall not be more than 30ms for a 1-hour audio tape.

The output of the restoration process is composed by:

- 1. Preservation Master Files.
- 2. Access Copy Files.

5.2.2 I/O data

Table 4 gives the input and output data of Audio Recording Preservation.

Table 4 – I/O data of Audio Recording Preservation

Input	Comments
Preservation Audio File	See 6.3.16
Preservation Audio-Visual File	See 6.3.17
Output data	Comments
Preservation Master Files	See 6.3.18
Access Copy Files	See 6.3.1

5.2.3 Implementation Architecture

Figure 3 depicts the Audio Recording Preservation Reference Model. Restored Audio Files Tape Audio Access Copy Preservation **Editing** Restoration **Files** Audio File List Irreg. File **Audio Blocks** Audio Packager Irreg. File Analyser Agent Preservation Irreg. File Tape Master Files Irregularity Irreg. File Irreg. File Irreg. Preservation Classifier Irreg. Images Images Video Audio-Visual File Irreg. File **Analyser** Controller

Communication

Storage

MPAI Store

Figure 3 – Audio Recording Preservation Reference Model

The sequence of operations of the Audio Recording Preservation unfolds as follows:

- 1. The analogue audio signal from the open-reel tape recorder is digitised as Preservation Audio File.
- 2. The Preservation Audio-Visual File is the combination of:
 - a. The video camera pointed at the playback head of the open-reel tape recorder.
 - b. The analogue audio signal digitised with the same video clock.
- 3. The Video Analyser:
 - a. Detects Irregularities.
 - b. Assigns IDs to them that are unique to the analysed open-reel tape.
 - c. Receives an Irregularity File from the Audio Analyser and the offset between Preservation Audio File and the Preservation Audio-Visual File.
 - d. Extracts the Images corresponding to each Irregularity received or detected.
 - e. Sends the Irregularity Images and the Irregularity File related to all Irregularities to the Tape Irregularity Classifier.
- 4. The Audio Analyser:
 - a. Detects Irregularities.
 - b. Assigns IDs to them that are unique to the analysed open-reel tape.
 - c. Receives an Irregularity File from the Video Analyser, extracts the Audio Blocks corresponding to each Irregularity detected and each Irregularity File received or detected.
 - d. Sends the Audio Blocks and the Irregularity File related to all Irregularities to the Tape Irregularity Classifier.
- 5. The Tape Irregularity Classifier:
 - a. Receives an Irregularity File with the corresponding Images and Audio Blocks.
 - b. Classifies and selects the ones considered relevant.
 - c. If the Irregularity was detected by the Video Analyser, the selected Irregularity File and the corresponding Irregularity Images are sent to the Packager.
- 6. The Tape Audio Restoration uses the Irregularity File to identify and restore portions of the Preservation Audio File.
- 7. The Packager collects the Preservation Audio File, Restored Audio Files, the Editing List, the Irregularity File and corresponding Irregularity Images if detected by the Video Analyser, and the Preservation Audio-Visual File and then it produces the Preservation Master Files and Access Copy Files.

5.2.4 AI Modules

The AIMs required by this Use Case are described in *Table 5*.

Table 5 – AI Modules of Audio Recording Preservation

AIM	Function
Audio Analyser	1. At the start, it calculates the offset between Preservation Audio and the
	Audio of the Preservation Audio-Visual File.
	2. Detects Irregularities of the Preservation Audio File and produces the
	related Audio Blocks as well as the corresponding Irregularity File.
	3. Sends the Irregularity File related to detected Irregularities to the Video
	Analyser.
	4. Receives the Irregularity File detected by Video Analyser.

	5. Extracts Audio Blocks corresponding to the Irregularities detected by		
	Video Analyser.		
	6. At the end, it merges the produced Irregularity File with the one received		
	from the Video Analyser, and it sends it with corresponding Audio		
	Blocks to the Tape Irregularity Classifier.		
Video Analyser	1. At the start, it detects Irregularities of the Preservation Audio-Visual File		
	and produces the related Irregularity Images.		
	2. Sends the Irregularity File related to detected Irregularities to the Audio		
	Analyser.		
	3. Receives the Irregularity File from the Audio Analyser.		
	4. Extracts the Irregularity Images corresponding to the Irregularities		
	detected by Audio Analyser.		
	5. At the end, it merges the produced Irregularity File with the one received		
	from the Audio Analyser, and it sends it with the corresponding		
	Irregularity Images to the Tape Irregularity Classifier.		
Tape	1. Receives all information from Audio Analyser and Video Analyser,		
Irregularities	classifies and selects the Irregularities of the Preservation Audio-Visual		
classifier	File and Preservation Audio File considered relevant.		
	2. Sends the Irregularity File related to the selected Irregularities and the		
	corresponding Irregularity Images to the Packager.		
	3. Sends the Irregularity File related to the selected Irregularities to Tape		
	Audio Restoration.		
Audio Tape	1. Detects and corrects speed, equalisation and reading backwards errors in		
Restoration	Preservation Audio File.		
	2. Sends Restored Audio Files and Editing List to Packager.		
Packager	Produces Preservation Master Files and Access Copy Files.		

5.3 Speech Restoration System (SRS)

5.3.1 Scope of Use Case

This Use Case addresses the need for restoration of a Damaged Segment, i.e., a segment containing speech which may be damaged in its entirety or only in part.

Restoration is carried out by synthesizing replacements for the damaged vocal elements as follows:

- 1. If the damage affects the entire segment, restoration will be carried out by synthesizing an entirely new segment version.
- 2. If the damage affects only parts of the segment, then those parts will be synthesized individually, and then integrated into the undamaged parts of the Damaged Segment in a final step, as indicated by appropriate Time Labels.

The Speech Segments for Modelling – Audio Segments necessary for creation of the Neural Network Speech Model – may be obtained from any undamaged parts of the input speech segment; however, other Audio Segments consistent with the original segment's sound environment can also be used.

5.3.2 I/O Data

Table 6 gives the input and output data of Speech Restoration System.

Table 6 – I/O data of Audio Recording Preservation

Input	Comments
Speech Segments for Modelling	See Table 1.

Text List	See Table 1.
Damaged List	See Table 1.
Damaged Segment	See Table 1.
Output	Comments
Restored Segment	See Table 1.

5.3.3 Implementation Architecture

The Reference Model of the Speech Restoration System is given by

Figure 4.

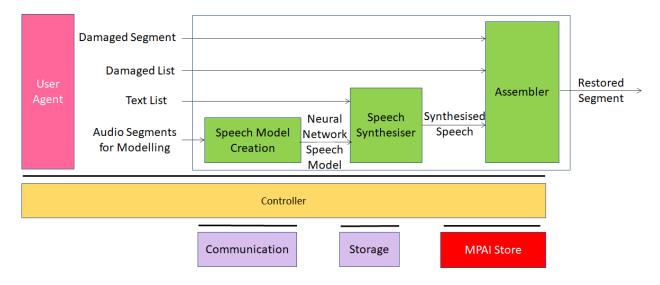


Figure 4 – Speech Restoration System (SRS) Reference Model

In the SRS use case, the entire Damaged Segment can be replaced by a synthesized segment, or parts within it can be synthesized to enable integration of the replaced segments.

The sequence of events in this Use Case is as follows:

- Speech Model Creation receives Audio Segments for Modelling, a set of recordings composing a corpus that will be used to train a Neural Network Speech Model in Speech Model Creation.
- 2. That Neural Network Speech Model is passed to the Speech Synthesiser AIM, which also receives a Text List as input. Each element of Text List is a string specifying the text of a damaged section of Damaged Segment (or of Damaged Segment as a whole). Speech Synthesiser produces synthetic replacements for each damaged section (or for Damaged Segment as a whole) and passes the replacement(s) to Assembler.
- 3. Assembler receives as input the entire Damaged Segment, plus Damaged List, a list indicating the locations of any damaged sections within Damaged Segment. The list will be null if Damaged Segment in its entirety was replaced.
- 4. Assembler produces as output Restored Segment, in which any repaired sections have been replaced by synthetic sections, or in which the entire Damaged Segment has been replaced.

5.3.4 AI Modules

The AIMs required by the Speech Restoration System Use Case are described in *Table 7*.

Table 7 – AI Modules of Audio Recording Preservation

AIM	Function
Speech Model	1. Receives in separate files the Audio Segments for Modelling, adequate
Creation	for model creation.
	2. Creates the current Neural Network Speech Model.
	3. Sends that Neural Network Speech Model to the Speech Synthesiser.
Speech	1. Receives the current Neural Network Speech Model.
Synthesiser	2. Receives Damaged List as a data structure:
	a. Containing one element if Damaged Segment is damaged
	throughout or
	b. Representing a list in which each element specifies via Time Lab-
	els the start and end of a damaged section within Damaged Seg-
	ment.
	3. Synthesizes each Damaged Section in Damaged List.
	4. Sends the newly synthesised segments to the Assembler as an ordered list.
Assembler	1. Receives the Damaged Segment.
	2. Receives the ordered list of synthetic segments.
	3. Receives Damaged List Time Labels, indicating where the synthesized
	segments should be inserted in left-to-right order. In case Damaged
	Segment as a whole was damaged, the list contains one entry.
	4. Assembles the final version of the Restored Segment.

5.4 Enhanced Audioconference Experience (EAE)

5.4.1 Scope of Use Case

The EAE use case addresses the situation where one or more speakers are active in a noisy meeting room and are trying to communicate with one or more interlocutors using speech over a network. The use case is concerned with extracting from microphone array recordings the speech signals from individual speakers as well as reducing the background noise and the reverberation which reduce speech quality. EAE also extracts the spatial attributes of the speakers with respect to the position of the microphone array to allow spatial representation of the speech signals at the receiver side. These attributes are represented in a well-defined Audio Scene Geometry metadata format and packaged in a format that is amenable to further processing for efficient delivery. The coding and compression of the extracted speech signals as well as their reconstruction/representation at the receiver side are outside the scope of this use case.

5.4.2 I/O data

Table 8 gives the input and output data of Enhanced Audioconference Experience.

Table 8 – I/O data of Enhanced Audioconference Experience

Inputs	Comments
Microphone Array Audio	See 6.3.11
Microphone Array Geometry	See 6.3.12
Outputs	Comments
Multi-channel Audio + Audio Scene Geometry	See Table 1.

5.4.3 Implementation Architecture

Figure 5 gives the Reference Model of Enhanced Audioconference Experience.

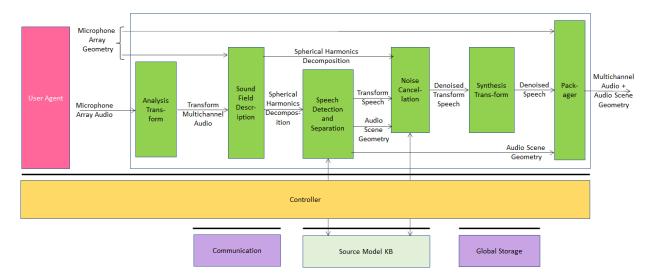


Figure 5 – Enhanced Audioconference Experience Reference Model

CAE-EAE receives Microphone Array Audio and Microphone Array Geometry which describes the number, positioning, and configuration of the microphone(s). Using this information, the system can detect the relative directions of the active speakers according to the microphone array and separate relevant audioconference speech sources from other spurious sounds. Since audio conferencing is a real-time application scenario, the use case operates on Audio Blocks.

The Multichannel Audio is input to EAE as short Multichannel Audio Blocks comprising real valued time domain audio samples where the number of audio samples in each audio block is the same for all the microphones.

The sequence of operations of CAE-EAE is the following:

- 1. **Analysis Transform** AIM transforms the Multichannel Audio into frequency bands via a Fast Fourier Transform (FFT). The following operations are carried out in discrete frequency bands. When such a configuration is used a 50% overlap between subsequent audio blocks needs to be employed. The output is a data structure comprising complex valued audio samples in the frequency domain.
- 2. **Sound Field Description** AIM converts the output from the Analysis Transform AIM into the spherical frequency domain [18]. If the microphone array used in capturing the scene is a spherical microphone array, Spherical Fourier Transform (SFT) can be used to obtain the Spherical Harmonic Decomposition (SHD) coefficients that represent the captured sound field in the spatial frequency domain. For other types of arrays, more elaborate processing might be necessary. The output of this AIM is (M × (N+1)2) complex valued data frame comprising the SHD coefficients up to an order which depends on the number of microphones.
- 3. **Speech Detection and Separation** AIM receives the SHD coefficients of the sound field to detect directions of active sound sources and to separate them. Each separated source can either be a speech or a non-speech signal. Speech detection is carried out on an Audio Block basis by using on each separated source an appropriate voice activity detector (VAD) that is a part of this AIM. This AIM will output speech as an (M × S) Audio Block comprising transform domain speech signals and block-by-block the Audio Scene Geometry in JSON format comprising auxiliary information which contains a (M × 1) binary mask indicating the channels of the transform domain SHD coefficients that would be used by the Noise Cancellation AIM for denoising. **Speech Detection and Separation** AIM uses the **Source Model KB** which

- contains discrete-time and discrete-valued simple acoustic source models that are used in source separation.
- 4. **Noise Cancellation** AIM eliminates background noise and reverberation which reduce the audio quality. If environmental conditions do not substantially add ambient noise to the desired speech, this AIM acts as a Passthrough AIM.
 - a. It receives Transform Speech from **Speech Detection and Separation** AIM and Acoustic Scene Metadata which includes attributes pertaining to the Audio Block being processed for denoising, and SHD coefficients.
 - b. It uses **Source Model KB**. The output of Noise Cancellation AIM is Denoised Transform Speech as an $(M \times S)$ complex-valued data structure which will in the next stage be processed through **Synthesis Transform** AIM to obtain Denoised Speech.
- 5. **Synthesis Transform** AIM receives Denoised Transform Speech and outputs Denoised Transform Speech $(F \times S)$ by applying the inverse of the analysis transform.
- 6. Packager AIM:
 - a. Receives Denoised Speech and Audio Scene Geometry.
 - b. Packages the Multichannel Audio stream and the Audio Scene Geometry.
 - c. Produces one interleaved stream which contains separated Multichannel Speech Streams and Audio Scene Geometry.

5.4.4 AI Modules

The AIMs required by the Enhanced Audioconference Experience are given in *Table 9*.

AIM	Function	
Analysis Transform	Represents the input Multichannel Audio in a new form amenable	
	to further processing by the subsequent AIMs in the architecture.	
Sound Field Description	Produces Spherical Harmonics Decomposition of the Transfor-	
	med Multichannel Audio.	
Speech Detection and	Separates speech and non-speech signals in the Spherical	
Separation	Harmonics Decomposition producing Transform Speech and	
	Audio Scene Geometry.	
Noise cancellation	Removes noise and/or suppresses reverberation in the Transform	
	Speech producing Denoised Transform Speech.	
Synthesis Transform	Effects inverse transform of Denoised Transform Speech	
	producing Denoised Speech ready for packaging.	
Packager	Packages Denoised Speech and the Audio Scene Geometry.	

Table 9 – AIMs of Enhanced Audioconference Experience

6 AIMs

6.1 AIM Interoperability

To the extent possible, AIM input and output data are specified in a way that is neutral to the technology used to implement the AIM internals. In some cases, however, AIM input and output data of strongly depend on whether the technology used is data processing or Artificial Intelligence. If an AIM is based on, e.g., a neural network, it will need either (1) a usable neural model whose training has included specifiable features, or (2) a precise specification of the features themselves plus an adequate training corpus, so that the AIM using that data can create its own usable model.

6.2 AIMs and their data

6.2.1 Emotion Enhanced Speech

Table 10 – CAE-EES AIMs and their data

AIM	Input Data	Output Data
Speech features Analyser1	Model Utterance	Speech Features
Speech features Analyser2	Emotionless Speech	Emotionless Speech Features
Emotion Feature Producer	Emotionless Speech Features	Speech Features
	Emotion List	
	Language	
Emotion Inserter	Emotionless Speech	Speech with Emotion
	Speech Features	

6.2.2 Audio Recording Preservation (ARP)

Table 11 – CAE-ARP AIMs and their data

AIM	Input Data	Output Data
Audio Analyser	Preservation Audio File	Audio Blocks
	Preservation Audio-Visual File	Irregularity File
	Irregularity File	
Video analyser	Preservation Audio-Visual File	Irregularity File
-	Irregularity File	Irregularity Images
Tape Irregularity classifier	Audio Blocks	Irregularity File
	Irregularity Images	Irregularity Images
	Irregularity File	
Tape Audio Restoration	Irregularity File	Editing List
	Preservation Audio File	Restored Audio Files
Packager	Preservation Audio File	Access Copy Files
	Restored Audio Files	Preservation Master Files
	Editing List	
	Irregularity File	
	Irregularity Images	
	Preservation Audio-Visual File	

6.2.3 Speech Restoration System (SRS)

Table 12 – CAE-SRS AIMs and their data

AIM	Input Data	Output Data
Speech Model Creation	Audio Segments for Modelling	Neural Network Speech Model
Speech Synthesiser	Text List	Synthesised Speech
	Neural Network Speech Model	
Assembler	Damaged Segments	Restored Segment
	Damaged List	

6.2.4 Enhanced Audioconference Experience (EAE)

Table 13 – CAE-EAE AIMs and their data

AIM	Input Data	Output Data
Analysis Transform	Multichannel Audio	Transform Multichannel
		Audio
Sound field Description	Transform Multichannel	Spherical Harmonics
	Audio	Decomposition
	Geometry Information	
Speech Detection and	Spherical Harmonics	Transform Speech
Separation	Decomposition	Audio Scene Geometry
Noise Cancellation	Spherical Harmonics	Denoised Transform Speech
	Decomposition	
	Transform Speech	
	Audio Scene Geometry	
Synthesis Transform	Denoised Transform Speech	Denoised Speech
Packager	Denoised Speech	Multichannel Audio
	Audio Scene Geometry	Audio Scene Geometry

6.3 Data Formats

Table 14 lists all data formats specified in this Technical Specification.

Table 14 – Data formats

Data Format Name	Subsection	Use Case
Access Copy Files	6.3.1	ARP
Audio Scene Geometry	6.3.2	EAE
Damaged List	6.3.3	SRS
Denoised Speech	6.3.4	SRS
Editing List	6.3.5	ARP
Emotion	6.3.6	EES
Emotionless Speech	6.3.7	EES
Interleaved Multichannel Audio	6.3.8	EAE
Irregularity File	6.3.9	ARP
Irregularity Image	6.3.10	ARP
Microphone Array Audio	6.3.11	EAE
Microphone Array Geometry	6.3.12	EAE
Mode Selection	6.3.13	EES
Multichannel Audio	6.3.14	EAE
Neural Network Speech Model	6.3.15	SRS
Preservation Audio File	6.3.16	ARP
Preservation Audio-Visual File	6.3.17	ARP
Preservation Master Files	6.3.18	ARP
Source Dictionary	6.3.19	EAE
Source Model KB Query Format	6.3.20	EAE
Speech Features	6.3.21	EES
Spherical Harmonics Decomposition	6.3.22	EAE
Transform Denoised Speech	6.3.23	EAE

Transform Speech	6.3.24	EAE
Transform Multichannel Audio	6.3.25	EAE
Video	6.3.26	ARP

6.3.1 Access Copy Files

The following set of files:

- 1. The Restored Audio Files.
- 2. Editing List.
- 3. The set of Irregularity Images in a .zip file [11].
- 4. The Irregularity File.

6.3.2 Audio Scene Geometry

Syntax and Semantics are given below

6.3.2.1 Syntax

```
"$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-07/schema#",
"title": "Audio Scene Geometry",
"type": "object",
"properties": {
        "BlockIndex": {
        "type": "integer"
        "
    "BlockStart": {
    "type": "integer"
    "BlockEnd": {
    "type": "integer"
   },
"SpeechCount": {
    "type": "integer"
    },
"SourceDetectionMask": {
    " "annay"
          },
"SpeechList": {
    "" "array
        "type": "array",
"items": {
    "type": "object",
            "properties": {
               "SpeechID": {
    "type":"string",
    "format":"uuid"
               },
"ChannelID": {
   "type": "integer"
               },
"AzimuthDirection": {
  "type": "float"
                "ÉlevationDirection": {
                   "type": "float"
               },
"DistanceFlag": {
    " "hoolear
                   "type": "boolean",
               "Distance": {
    "type": "float"
           }
        "minItems": 1,
"uniqueItems": true,
```

```
"required": ["SpeechID","ChannelID","AzimuthDirection","ElevationDirection",
"DistanceFlag","Distance" ]
     }
},
    "required": ["BlockIndex","BlockStart", "BlockEnd", "SpeechCount", "SourceDetectionMask",
"SpeechList"]
}
```

6.3.2.2 Semantics

Name	Definition
BlockIndex	Block ID starting from 0 and incremented by 1 for each consecutive audio block processed by the system. (long integer)
BlockStart	Unix timestamp in ms from epoch. (long integer)
BlockEnd	Unix timestamp in ms from epoch. (long integer)
SpeechCount	Number of speech sources in the scene. (uint8)
SpeechList	A list containing Speech attributes.
SpeechList: Speech	A nested JSON block describing a speech source with the following elements.
	SpeechID: Speech source ID ([7], uuid)
	ChannelID: Channel ID (uint8)
	AzimuthDirection: Azimuth direction in degrees. (float)
	ElevationDirection: Elevation direction in degrees. (float)
	Distance: Distance in m. (float32)
	DistanceFlag: 0: Valid, 1: NonValid. (uint8)
SourceDetectionMask	A binary mask that represents the indices of the
	transform coefficients that will be used in denoising. (uint8)

6.3.3 Damaged List

Syntax and Semantics are given below.

6.3.3.1 Syntax

6.3.3.2 Semantics

Name	Definition
DamagedSections	A JSON array containing metadata description of Audio Segments within the given Damaged Segments.
SectionStart	Time Label of the beginning of the DamagedSection. (string)
SectionEnd	Time Label of the of the end of the DamagedSection.

6.3.4 Denoised Speech

Interleaved Multichannel Audio where each channel contains time aligned denoised speech samples digitally represented with at least single precision floating point.

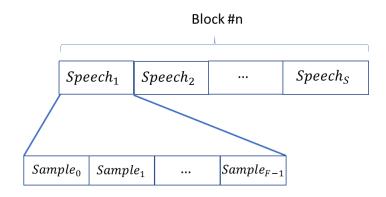


Figure 6 – Denoised speech signals after synthesis transform

6.3.5 Editing List

A JSON file encoded in UTF-8 according to [5].

6.3.5.1 Syntax

```
"type": "array",
                                "RestorationID": {
    "type":"string",
    "format":"uuid"
                                                      },
"PreservationAudioFileStart": {
    """string"
                                                                 "type": "string",
                                                                 "pattern":"[0-9]{2}:[0-5][0-9]:[0-5][0-9]\\.[0-
9]{3}"
                                                     },
"PreservationAudioFileEnd": {
    "type":"string",
    "pattern":"[0-9]{2}:[0-5][0-9]:[0-5][0-9]\\.[0-
9]{3}"
                                                      },
"RestoredAudioFileURI": {
    "" "string".
                                                                 "type": "string",
"format": "uri"
                                                      },
"ReadingBackwards": {
    "type": "boolean",
                                                      },
"AppliedSpeedStandard": {
        "enum": [0.9375, 1.875, 3.75, 7.5, 15, 30]
                                                      },
"AppliedSamplingFrequency": {
    "type": "integer"
                                                      },
"AppliedEqualisationStandard": {
    "enum": ["IEC", "IEC1", "IEC2"]
                                                      },
                                           }
                                "uniqueItems": true,
"required": ["RestorationID", "RestoredAudioFileURI",
"PreservationAudioFileStart", "PreservationAudioFileEnd", "AppliedSamplingFrequency",
"ReadingBackwards"]
           },
"required": ["Restorations","OriginalSamplingFrequency"]
}
```

6.3.5.2 Semantics

Name	Definition
OriginalSpeedStandar d	Speed standard applied to the tape recorder during the digitisation of an open-reel tape. It can be one of the following values: 0.9375, 1.875, 3.75, 7.5, 15, 30. These values are in inch per seconds (ips). This field is optional.
OriginalEqualisation Standard	Equalisation standard applied to the tape recorder during the digitisation of an open-reel tape. It can be one of the following values: "IEC", "IEC1", "IEC2". The notation refers to documents [14,15]. The association with OriginalSpeedStandard must be compliant to the values indicated in [14,15]. This field is optional.
OriginalSamplingFreq uency	UUID [3] that identifies a Restoration.

Name	Definition
Restorations	List of restorations objects. Each object must have at least the
	following fields: RestorationID, RestoredAudioFileURI,
	PreservationAudioFileStart,
	PreservationAudioFileEnd,
	AppliedSamplingFrequency, ReadingBackwards.
RestorationID	UUID [7] that identifies a Restoration.
PreservationAudioFil	Time Label indicating the instant of the Preservation Audio File
eStart	when the restoration starts.
PreservationAudioFil	Time Label indicating the instant of the Preservation Audio File
eEnd	when the restoration ends.
RestoredAudioFileURI	URI of a Restored Audio File.
ReadingBackwords	Boolean value indicating if the audio signal direction has been
	inverted during the restoration process.
Ann lind Chandet and and	
<i>AppliedSpeedStandard</i>	
	one of the following values: 0.9375, 1.875, 3.75, 7.5, 15, 30.
- 1/ 10 7/	These values are in inch per seconds (ips). This field is optional.
<i>AppliedSamplingFrequ</i>	Specifies the sampling frequency of the Restored Audio File.
ency	This field is mandatory.
AppliedEqualisationS	Equalisation standard applied during the restoration process. It
tandard	can be one of the following values: "IEC", "IEC1", "IEC2".
	The notation refers to documents [14,15].
	The association with AppliedSpeedStandard must be
	compliant to the values indicated in [14,15].
	compliant to the values indicated in [17,13].

6.3.6 Emotion

The Syntax and Semantics of Emotion are given by the following clauses.

6.3.6.1 Syntax

```
Human Emotion is represented by.
{
    "$schema":"http://json-schema.org/draft-07/schema",
    "definitions":{
        "emotionType":{
            "emotionDegree":{
                  "enum": ["High", "Medium", "Low"]
            },
            "emotionName":{
                  "type":"number"
            },
            "emotionSetName":{
                  "type":"string"
            }
        }
    },
    "type":"object",
    "properties":{
        "primary":{
            "$ref":"#/definitions/emotionType"
```

```
},
    "secondary":{
        "$ref":"#/definitions/emotionType"
}
}
```

6.3.6.2 Semantics

Name	Definition	
emotionType	Specifies the Emotion that the input carries.	
emotionDegree	Specifies the Degree of Emotion as one of "Low," "Medium," and "High."	
emotionName	Specifies the ID of an Emotion listed in <i>Table 15</i> .	
emotionSetName	Specifies the name of the Emotion set which contains the	
	Emotion. Emotion set of	
	Table 16 is used as a baseline, but other sets are possible.	

Emotions are expressed vocally through combinations of prosody (pitch, rhythm, and volume variations); separable speech effects (such as degrees of voice tension, breathiness, etc.); and vocal gestures (laughs, sobs, etc.).

Table 15 gives the MPAI standardised three-level Basic Emotion Set partly based on Paul Eckman [16]:

- 1. The EMOTION CATEGORIES column specifies the categories using nouns.
- 2. The GENERAL ADJECTIVAL column gives adjectival labels for general or basic emotions within a category.

The SPECIFIC ADJECTIVAL column gives labels for more specific (sub-categorized) emotions in the relevant category, often (but not always) representing differing degrees of the basic emotion.

Table 16 provides the semantics for each label in the GENERAL ADJECTIVAL and SPECIFIC ADJECTIVAL columns.

An Implementer wishing to extend or replace *Table 15* is requested to do the following:

- 1. Create a new Table 15 where:
 - a. Proposed additions are clearly marked (in case of extension).
 - b. All Emotions and levels (up to 3) are listed (in case of replacement).
- 2. Create a new

3.

- 4. Table 16 where:
 - a. the semantics of the Emotions is added to the semantics of the existing emotions (in case of extension).
 - b. is provided (in case of replacement).

The semantics provided should have a level of details comparable to the semantics given in the current

Table 16.

5. Submit both tables to the MPAI Secretariat.

The appropriate MPAI Development Committee will examine the proposed extension or replacement. Only the adequacy of the proposed new tables in terms of clarity and completeness will be considered. In case the new tables are not clear or complete, a revision of the tables will be requested.

The accepted External Emotion Set will be identified as proposed by the submitter and reviewed by the appropriate MPAI Committee and posted to the MPAI web site.

Table 15 – Basic Emotion Set

EMOTION CATEGORIES	GENERAL	SPECIFIC
EMOTION CATEGORIES	ADJECTIVAL	ADJECTIVAL
ANGER	anger	furious
THIVEEN		irritated
		frustrated
APPROVAL, DISAPPROVAL	admiring/approving	awed
	disapproving	contemptuous
	indifferent	1
AROUSAL	aroused/excited/energetic	cheerful
		playful
		lethargic
		sleepy
ATTENTION	attentive	expectant/anticipating
		thoughtful
		distracted/absent-minded
		vigilant
		hopeful/optimistic
BELIEF	credulous	sceptical
CALMNESS	calm	peaceful/serene
		resigned
DISGUST	disgust	loathing
FEAR	fearful/scared	terrified
		anxious/uneasy
HAPPINESS	happy	joyful
		content
		delighted
		amused
HURT	hurt	
	jealous	
INTEREST	interested	fascinated
		curious
		bored
PRIDE/SHAME	proud	guilty/remorseful/sorry
	ashamed	embarrassed
SADNESS	sad	lonely
		grief-stricken
		discouraged
		depressed
GOCIAL DOMBIANCE	 	disappointed
SOCIAL DOMINANCE,	arrogant	
CONFIDENCE	confident	
CLIDDDICE	submissive	
SURPRISE	surprised	astounded

		startled
UNDERSTANDING	comprehending	uncomprehending
		bewildered/puzzled

Table 16 – Semantics of the Basic Emotion Set

ID	Emotion	Meaning	
1	admiring/approving	emotion due to perception that others' actions or results are valuable	
2	amused	positive emotion combined with interest (cognitive)	
3	anger	emotion due to perception of physical or emotional damage or threat	
4	anxious/uneasy	low or medium degree of fear, often continuing rather than instant	
5	aroused/excited/energetic	cognitive state of alertness and energy	
6	arrogant	emotion communicating social dominance	
7	astounded	high degree of surprised	
8	attentive	cognitive state of paying attention	
9	awed	approval combined with incomprehension or fear	
10	bewildered/puzzled	high degree of incomprehension	
11	bored	not interested	
12	calm	relative lack of emotion	
13	cheerful	energetic combined with and communicating happiness	
14	comprehending	cognitive state of successful application of mental models to a situation	
15	confident	emotion due to belief in ability	
16	contemptuous	high degree of disapproval	
17	content	medium or low degree of happiness, continuing rather than instant	
18	credulous	cognitive state of conformance to mental models of a situation	
19	curious	interest due to drive to know or understand	
20	delighted	high degree of happiness, often combined with surprise	
21	depressed	high degree of sadness, continuing rather than instant, combined with lethargy (see AROUSAL)	
22	disappointed	sadness due to failure of desired outcome	
23	disapproving	not approving	
24	discouraged	sadness combined with frustration	
25	disgust	emotion due to urge to avoid, often due to unpleasant perception or disapproval	
26	distracted/absent-minded	not attentive to present situation due to competing thoughts	
27	embarrassed	shame due to consciousness of violation of social conventions	
28	expectant/anticipating	attentive to (expecting) future event or events	
29	fascinated	high degree of interest	
30	fearful/scared	emotion due to anticipation of physical or emotional pain or other undesired event or events	
31	frustrated	angry due to failure of desired outcome	
32	furious	high degree of anger	
33		sadness due to loss of an important social contact	
23	grief-stricken	sauness due to loss of an important social contact	

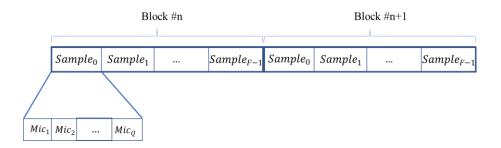
34	guilty/remorseful/sorry	shame due to consciousness of hurting or damaging others	
35	happy	positive emotion, often continuing rather than instant	
36	hopeful/optimistic	expectation of good outcomes	
37	hurt	emotion due to perception that others have caused social pain or embarrassment	
38	indifferent	neither approving nor disapproving	
39	interested	cognitive state of attentiveness due to salience or appeal to emotions or drives	
40	irritated	low or medium degree of anger	
41	jealous	emotion due to perception that others are more fortunate or successful	
42	joyful	high degree of happiness, often due to a specific event	
43	lethargic	not aroused	
44	loathing	high degree of disgust	
45	lonely	sadness due to insufficient social contact	
46	peaceful/serene	calm combined with low degree of happiness	
47	playful	energetic and communicating willingness to play	
48	proud	emotion due to perception of positive social standing	
49	resigned	calm due to acceptance of failure of desired outcome, often combined with low degree of sadness	
50	sad	negative emotion, often continuing rather than instant, often	
		associated with a specific event	
51	sceptical	not credulous	
52	sleepy	not aroused due to need for sleep	
53	startled	surprised by a sudden event or perception	
54	submissive	emotion communicating lack of social dominance	
55	surprised	cognitive state due to violation of expectation	
56	terrified	high degree of fear	
57	thoughtful	attentive to thoughts	
58	uncomprehending	not comprehending	
59	vigilant	high degree of expectation or attentiveness	

6.3.7 Emotionless Speech

An Audio File containing only speech in which music and other sounds are absent, and in which little or no identifiable emotion is perceptible by native listeners.

6.3.8 Interleaved Multichannel Audio

A data structure containing between 4 and 256 time-aligned interleaved Audio Channels and organised in blocks as depicted in *Figure 7*.



6.3.9 Irregularity File

A JSON file encoded in UTF-8 according to [5].

6.3.9.1 Syntax

```
The JSON schema of the Irregularity ID is:
   "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-07/schema#",
"title": "Irregularity File",
"type": "object",
"properties": {
      "Offset": {
    "type": "integer"
     "properties": {
                "IrregularityID": {
                  "type":"string",
"format": uuid
               },
"Source": {
  "enum": ["a", "v", "b"]
               "TimeLabel": {
   "type":"string",
   "pattern":"[0-9]{2}:[0-5][0-9]:[0-5][0-9]\\.[0-9]{3}"
               },
"IrregularityType": {
   "enum": ["sp", "b", "sot", "eot", "da", "di", "m", "s", "wf", "pps", "ssv", "esv",
"sb"]
              },
"ImageURI": {
  "type": "string",
  "format": "uri"
               },
"AudioBlockURI": {
  "type": "string"
  "format": "uri"
               }
            }
        },
"minItems": 1,
"uniqueItems": true,
"required": ["IrregularityID","Source","TimeLabel"]
      }
     required": ["Irregularities"]
```

6.3.9.2 Semantics

Name	Definition
Offset	Integer value indicating the time offset (in milliseconds) between Preservation Audio File and Preservation Audio-Visual File. The time reference is the Preservation Audio File.
Irregularities	Array of Irregularities. Each Irregularity must have at least an IrregularityID, TimeLabel and TimeReference.

Name	Definition
IrregularityID	UUID [7] that identifies an Irregularity.
Source	"a": if the Irregularity is detected by the Audio Analyser. "v": if the Irregularity is detected by the Video Analyser. "b": if the Irregularity is detected by both Audio Analyser and Video Analyser.
TimeLabel	Integer value indicating the timing of an Irregularity. The time reference is the Preservation Audio File.
AudioBlockURI	URI of the Audio Block related to an Irregularity. It is only used in the message between Audio Analyser and Tape Irregularity Classifier.
ImageURI	<i>URI</i> of the Image related to an Irregularity. It is only used in the messages between Audio Analyser, Tape Irregularity Classifier, and Packager.
IrregularityType	Class of an Irregularity (see values in following Tables). It is only used in the messages between Tape Irregularity Classifier, Packager and Tape Audio restoration.

Table 17: Extended list of Irregularities that can be detected by the Video Analyser

Code	Name	Definition	
sp	Splice	Splice of magnetic tape to magnetic tape, or leader tape to magnetic tape (or vice versa).	
b	Brands on tape	Most of the brands consist of the full name of the tape manufacturer, logo, or tape model codes. The brand changes in size, shape, and colour, depending on the tape used.	
sot	Start of tape	It refers to what happens when the tape playback starts, at which point it is neither under tension nor in contact with the capstan and pinch roller. The distinguishing visual characteristic of this class is the tape coming in tension and in contact with the capstan and pinch roller. This happens at the beginning of the Preservation Audio-Visual File.	
eot	Ends of tape	It refers to what happens when the tape reaches its end of playback, at which point it is neither under tension nor in contact with the capstan and pinch roller. The distinguishing visual characteristic of this class is the tape coming free or completely detached from the capstan. This happens at the end of the Preservation Audio-Visual File.	

Code	Name	Definition	
da	Damaged tape	 It groups all kinds of damages on the surface of the tape and alterations of the tape shape. This class includes: Ripples: this is formally known in the cataloguing rules as "kink" or "wrinkle", these may be a single crease on a layer of tape or multiple creases in the tape. Cupping: an abnormal flexure of the tape surface across or along its width, due to different rates of shrinkage along the substrate and recording layers. Damage to tape edges, occurring when the edges do not appear flat or straight. 	
di	Dirt	Tape contamination and dirt: presence of mould, powder, crystals, other biological contaminations, or similar sullying.	
m	Marks	Marks, signs or words written on the back of the tape (i.e., the nonmagnetic side) or on the adhesive tape of splices.	
S	Shadows	The class contains frames in which shadows or reflections are temporarily cast on the tape by external objects in motion.	
wf	Wow and flutter	Pitch variation due to the recording or playback equipment. If this effect is due to recording equipment it is detectable only on the Preservation Audio File and not on the Preservation Audio-Visual File.	

Table 18: List of Irregularities that can be detected only on the Preservation Audio File

Code	Name	Definition
pps	Play, pause and stop	Sound audio effects derived by play, pause or stop buttons during the recording. In a single tape several recordings from different sources can be recorded. This kind of irregularities cannot be identified in the digital video.
SSV	Speed standard variation	Instant when the recording has a variation of the speed (and, in case, of the equalization) standard.
esv	Equalization standard variation	Instant when the recording has a variation of the equalization standard without a change of the speed.
sb	Signal backward	Instant when a recording start playback audio signal backwards. This could happen in case of incorrect signal recording or digitization.

The Irregularities that could be identified in both audio and video are: sp, sot, eot, da, di, and wf.

Considering that **Brands on tape** are usually very frequent and repetitive, only one occurrence (usually the first one) is considered as a valid irregularity by the Tape Irregularity Classifier. **Shadows** has no impact on the signal. They should be considered because they can have an important impact on the classification, but they should not be included in the Preservation Master File.

6.3.10 Irregularity Image

An Image corresponding to an Irregularity.

6.3.11 Microphone Array Audio

Interleaved Multichannel Audio whose channels are sampled at a minimum of 5.33 ms (e.g., 256 samples at 48 kHz) to a maximum of 85.33 ms (e.g., 4096 samples at 48 kHz) and each sample is in single or double precision float.

6.3.12 Microphone Array Geometry

The Syntax and Semantics of the Microphone Array Geometry are given below.

6.3.12.1 Syntax

```
{
           "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/draft-07/schema#",
           "title": "Microphone Array Geometry",
"type": "object",
"properties": {
                      "MicrophoneArrayType": {
                                  "type": "integer"
                      "MicrophoneArrayScat": {
    "type": "integer"
                      },
"MicrophoneArrayFilterURI": {
    "type": "string",
    "format": "uri"
                      },
"SamplingRate": {
    "type": "integer"
                      },
"SampleType": {
    "type": "integer"
                      },
"BlockSize": {
                                  "type": "integer"
                      },
"NumberofMicrophones": {
    "type": "integer"
                      },
"MicrophoneList": {
    "type": "array",
    "items": {
        "type": "object",
        "apparties": {
                                             "properties": {
    "xCoord": {
                                                                   "type": "float"
                                                        },
"yCoord": {
    "type": "float"
                                                        },
"directivity": {
    "type": "integer"
                                                        },
"micyLookCoord": {
    "type": "float"
                                                        },
"miczLookCoord": {
"type": "float"
                                 },
"minItems": 4,
```

6.3.12.2 Semantics

Name	Definition
MicrophoneArrayType	Indicates the type of microphone array positioning such as 0:Spherical, 1:Circular, 2:Planar, 3:Linear, 4:Other.
MicrophoneArrayScat	Indicates the type of the microphone array (0:Rigid, 1:Open, 2:Other). (uint8)
MicrophoneArrayFilter URI	A uniform resource identifier (URI) string identifying the path to a local or remote file containing specific filter coefficients of the microphone array to be used for equalisation. (string)
SamplingRate	Sampling rate used by the microphone array (0:16kHz, 1:24kHz, 2:32kHz, 3:44.1kHz, 4:48kHz, 5:64kHz, 6:96kHz, 7:192kHz). (uint8)
SampleType	Sample type (0:16bit, 1:24bit, 2:32bit). (uint8)
BlockSize	Block Size (0:64,1:128,2:256,3:512,4:1024,5:2048, 6:4096). (uint8)
NumberofMicrophones	Represents the number of Microphones. (uint8)
MicrophoneList	A list containing Microphone attributes.

Name	Definition
MicrophoneList:Microp	A nested JSON block describing a single microphone
hone	element with the following elements.
	xCoord: x position of the microphone in m. (float)
	yCoord: y position of the microphone in m. (float)
	zCoord: z position of the microphone in m. (float)
	directivity: The directivity pattern of the specific
	microphone, 0: omnidirectional, 1: figure of eight, 2:
	cardioid, 3: supercardioid, 4: hypercardioid, 5: other
	micxLookCoord: x component of the vector representing
	the look direction of the microphone in m. (float)
	micyLookCoord: y component of the vector representing
	the look direction of the microphone in m. (float)
	miczLookCoord: z component of the vector representing
	the look direction of the microphone. (float)
${\it Microphone Array Look Co}$	${\tt xLookCoord:}\ x\ component\ of\ the\ vector\ representing\ the$
ord	look direction of the microphone array. (float)
	yLookCoord: y component of the vector representing the
	look direction of the microphone array. (float)
	zLookCoord: z component of the vector representing the
	look direction of the microphone array. (float)

6.3.13 Mode Selection

In the EES use case, one of "Mode-1" or "Mode-2" indicating that Pathway 1 or Pathway 2, respectively, will be followed in adding emotion to Emotionless Speech. In Mode-1, a suitably configured Speech Feature Analyser1 module will capture emotional features from Model Utterance and transfer them to Emotionless Speech, thus producing Speech with Emotion. By contrast, in Mode-2, a suitable Speech Feature Analyser2 module will analyse Emotionless Speech and pass extracted Emotionless Speech Features along with a specification of the desired emotion to Emotion Feature Producer. These modules will produce (emotional) Speech Features and pass them to an Emotion Inserter module capable of combining Emotionless Speech and (emotional) Speech Features to produce Speech with Emotion. See Section 5.1.3.

6.3.14 Multichannel Audio Stream

Interleaved Multichannel Audio packaged with Time Codes according to the structure of *Figure 8* specified in *Table 19*.

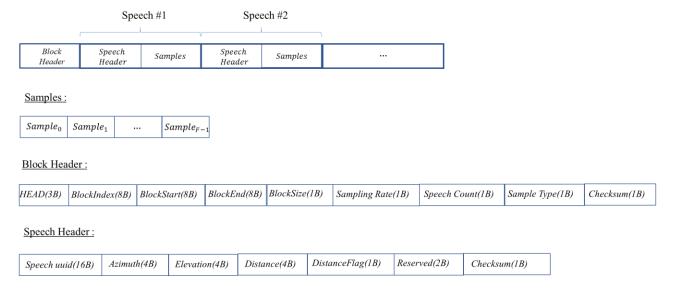


Figure 8 – Multichannel speech stream packages

Table 19 – Multichannel separated speech signals packaging

Label	Size	Description
HEAD	3 Bytes	Comprises 3 characters 'EAE'.
BlockIndex	8 Bytes	Copy of the value BlockIndex in Metadata, indicating the timing
		order of the output block.
BlockStart	8 Bytes	Copy of the value BlockStart in Metadata.
BlockEnd	8 Bytes	Copy of the value BlockEnd in Metadata.
BlockSize	1 Byte	Copy of the value BlockSize in Geometry Information.
Sampling	1 Byte	Copy of the value SamplingRate in Geometry Information.
Rate		
Speech Count	1 Byte	Copy of the value SpeechCount in Metadata.
Sample Type	1 Byte	Copy of the value SampleType in Geometry Information.
Checksum	1 Byte	Checksum is calculated by summing the block and speech header
		bytes and taking its modulo by 256.
Speech uuid	16 Bytes	Copy of the value Speech uuid in Metadata.
Azimuth	4 Bytes	Copy of the value Speech:Azimuth in Metadata.
Elevation	4 Bytes	Copy of the value Speech:Elevation in Metadata.
Distance	4 Bytes	Copy of the value Speech:Distance in Metadata.
DistanceFlag	1 Byte	Copy of the value Speech:DistanceFlag in Metadata.

6.3.15 Neural Network Speech Model

A Neural Network Model trained on Speech Segments for Modelling and used to synthesize replacements for the entire Damaged Segment or Damaged Sections within it.

The Neural Network Speech Model is passed to Speech Synthesiser as a Khronos Neural Network Exchange Format [12].

6.3.16 Preservation Audio File

An Audio File containing Audio sampled at one of the following values 44.1, 48, 96, 192 kHz with 16 or 24 bits/sample.

6.3.17 Preservation Audio-Visual File

An Audio-Visual File containing

- 1. Video.
- 2. Audio sampled at one of the following values 32, 44.1, 48 kHz with 16 or 24 bits/sample.

6.3.18 Preservation Master Files

The following set of files:

- 1. Preservation Audio File.
- 2. Preservation Audio-Visual File where the audio has been replaced with the Audio of the Preservation Audio File fully synchronised with the video.
- 3. The set of Irregularity Images in a .zip file [11].
- 4. The Irregularity File listing all detected Irregularities.

6.3.19 Source Dictionary

A dictionary of plane waves acoustic sources [18] expressed as real valued functions. The plane waves are localized at the nodes of a spherical grid with the first *Spherical Grid Resolution*, evaluated at the nodes of the spherical grid with the second *Spherical Grid Resolution*.

6.3.20 Source Model KB Query Format

The Source Model KB is a 2D Source Dictionary. It is queried with *Spherical Grid Resolutions*. The response is a 2D *Source Dictionary*.

6.3.21 Speech Features

Speech Features are digitally represented as follows.

```
"$schema":"http://json-schema.org/draft-07/schema", "definitions":{
          "SpeechFeatures":{
              "type":"object",
              "properties":{
    "pitch":{
        "type":"real"
                  },
"tone":{
"*'ne'
                        "type":"ToneType"
                   "intonation":[
                            "type_p":"pitch",
"type_s":"speed",
"type_i":"intensity"
                  ],
"intensity":{
"type":"real"
                  },
"speed":{
"+vne
                         "type":"real",
                  },
"emotion":{
    "type":"EmotionType"
    ".f
                  },
"NNSpeechFeatures":{
    "type":"vector of floating point"
              }
         }
    "properties":{
    "primary":{
        "$ref":"#/definitions/SpeechFeatureType"
         },
"secondary":{
    "$ref":"#/definitions/SpeechFeatureType"
    }
}
     "$schema":"http://json-schema.org/draft-07/schema",
    "definitions":{

"ToneType":{

"type":"object",

"properties":{

"toneName":{

"type":"string"
                  "type":"string"
              }
        },
"type":"object",
"properties":{
    "primary":{
        "$ref":"#/definitions/ToneType"
             },
"secondary":{
    "$ref":"#/definitions/ToneType"
         }
    }
}
```

6.3.21.1 Semantics

Name	Definition
SpeechFeatures	Indicates characteristic elements extracted from the input speech, specifically pitch, tone, intonation, intensity, speed, emotion, and NNspeechFeatures.
NNSpeechFeatures	Indicates specifically neural-network-based characteristic elements extracted from the input speech by Neural Network.
pitch	Indicates the fundamental frequency of Speech expressed as a real number indicating frequency as Hz (Hertz).
tone	Tone is a variation in the pitch of the voice while speaking expressed as human readable words as in <i>Table 15</i> .
ToneType	Indicates the Tone that the input speech carries.
intonation	A variation of the pitch, intensity and speed within a time period measured in seconds.
intensity	Energy of Speech expressed as a real number indicating dBs (decibel).
speed	Indicates the Speech Rate as a real number indicating specified linguistic units (e.g., Phonemes, Syllables, or Words) per second.
emotion	Indicates the Emotion that the input speech carries.
EmotionType	Indicates the Emotion that the input speech carries.
toneName	Specifies the name of a Tone.
toneSetName	Name of the Tone set which contains the Tone. Tone set is used as a baseline, but other sets are possible.

Note: The semantics of "tone" defines a basic set of elements characterising tone. Elements can be added to the Basic Emotion Set or the new sets defined using the registration procedure defined in (6.3.5.2).

Table 20 – Basic Tones

TONE CATEGORIES	ADJECTIVAL	Semantics
FORMALITY	formal	serious, official, polite
	informal	everyday, relaxed, casual
ASSERTIVENESS	assertive	certain about content
	factual	neutral about content
	hesitant	uncertain about content
REGISTER (per situation or use	conversational	appropriate to informal speech
case)	directive	related to commands or requests for
		action

6.3.22 Spherical Harmonics Decomposition

The complex-valued spherical harmonics coefficients for each Transform Audio Block. $A_{l,m,real}(k)$ and $A_{l,m,imag}(k)$ represent the real and imaginary parts of the Spherical Harmonics Decomposition coefficient of order l and degree m corresponding to the k-th transform coefficient respectively.

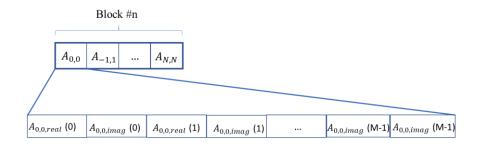


Figure 9 – Spherical Harmonics Decomposition of sound field

6.3.23 Transform Denoised Speech

Transform Audio whose samples are Denoised Speech samples.

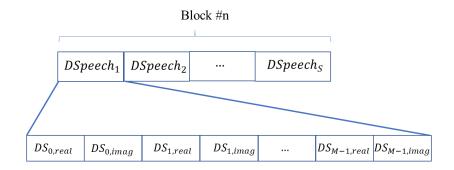


Figure 10 – Denoised transform domain speech signals

6.3.24 Transform Speech

A data structure obtained by transforming Multichannel Audio containing speech and where the real and imaginary parts of the transformed data are represented as single or double precision floating point values.

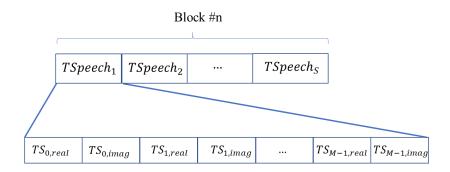


Figure 11 – Transform domain separated speech signals

6.3.25 Transform Multichannel Audio

A data structure obtained from the transformation of Microphone Array Audio.

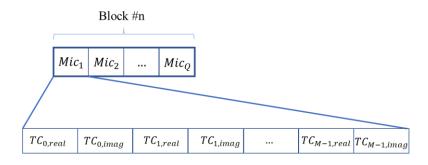


Figure 12 – Transform Multichannel Audio

6.3.26 Video

Video satisfies the following specifications:

- 1. Pixel shape: square.
- 2. Bit depth: 8 or 10 bits/pixel.
- 3. Aspect ratio: 4/3 or 16/9.
- 4. 640 < # of horizontal pixels < 1920.
- 5. 480 < # of vertical pixels < 1080.
- 6. Frame frequency 50-120 Hz.
- 7. Scanning: progressive or interlaced.
- 8. Colorimetry: ITU-R BT709 or BT2020.
- 9. Colour format: RGB or YUV.
- 10. Compression, either:
 - a. Uncompressed.
 - b. Compressed according to one of the following standards: MPEG-4 AVC [7], MPEG-H HEVC [8], MPEG-5 EVC [9].

Annex 1 - MPAI-wide terms and definitions (Normative)

The Terms used in this standard whose first letter is capital and are not already included in *Table 1* are defined in *Table 21*.

Table 21 – MPAI-wide Terms

Term	Definition
Access	Static or slowly changing data that are required by an application such as
	domain knowledge data, data models, etc.
AI Framework	The environment where AIWs are executed.
(AIF)	
AI Workflow	An organised aggregation of AIMs implementing a Use Case receiving
(AIW)	AIM-specific Inputs and producing AIM-specific Outputs according to
	its Function.
AI Module (AIM)	A processing element receiving AIM-specific Inputs and producing AIM-
	specific Outputs according to according to its Function.
Application	An MPAI Standard designed to enable a particular application domain.
Standard	
Channel	A connection between an output port of an AIM and an input port of an
	AIM. The term "connection" is also used as synonymous.
Communication	The infrastructure that implements message passing between AIMs.
Component	One of the 7 AIF elements: Access, Communication, Controller, Internal
	Storage, Global Storage, MPAI Store, and User Agent.
Conformance	The attribute of an Implementation of being a correct technical Implem-
	entation of a Technical Specification.
Conformance	An entity authorised by MPAI to Test the Conformance of an Implem-
Tester	entation.
Conformance	The normative document specifying the Means to Test the Conformance
Testing	of an Implementation.
Conformance	Procedures, tools, data sets and/or data set characteristics to Test the
Testing Means	Conformance of an Implementation.
Connection	A channel connecting an output port of an AIM and an input port of an
	AIM.
Controller	A Component that manages and controls the AIMs in the AIF, so that
	they execute in the correct order and at the time when they are needed.
Data Format	The standard digital representation of data.
Data Semantics	The meaning of data.
Ecosystem	The ensemble of the following actors: MPAI, MPAI Store, Implementers,
	Conformance Testers, Performance Testers and Users of MPAI-AIF Im-
	plementations as needed to enable an Interoperability Level.
Explainability	The ability to trace the output of an Implementation back to the inputs
	that have produced it.
Fairness	The attribute of an Implementation whose extent of applicability can be
	assessed by making the training set and/or network open to testing for
	bias and unanticipated results.
Function	The operations effected by an AIW or an AIM on input data.
Global Storage	A Component to store data shared by AIMs.

Internal Storage	A Component to store data of the individual AIMs.
Identifier	A name that uniquely identifies an Implementation.
Implementation	An embodiment of the MPAI-AIF Technical Specification, or
Implementation	2. An AIW or AIM of a particular Level (1-2-3) conforming with a Use
	Case of an MPAI Application Standard.
Interoperability	The ability to functionally replace an AIM with another AIM having the
interoperationity	same Interoperability Level.
Interoperability	The attribute of an AIW and its AIMs to be executable in an AIF Implem-
Level	entation and to:
Level	1. Be proprietary (Level 1).
	2. Pass the Conformance Testing (Level 2) of an Application Standard.
	3. 'Pass the Performance Testing (Level 3) of an Application Standard.
Knowledge Base	Structured and/or unstructured information made accessible to AIMs via
Knowledge Base	MPAI-specified interfaces.
Message	A sequence of Records transported by Communication through Channels.
Normativity	The set of attributes of a technology or a set of technologies specified by
Tionnativity	the applicable parts of an MPAI standard.
Performance	The attribute of an Implementation of being Reliable, Robust, Fair and
1 chomanec	Replicable.
Performance	The normative document specifying the procedures, the tools, the data
Assessment	sets and/or the data set characteristics to Assess the Grade of Performance
1 issessificate	of an Implementation.
Performance	Procedures, tools, data sets and/or data set characteristics to Assess the
Assessment Means	Performance of an Implementation.
Performance	An entity authorised by MPAI to Assess the Performance of an
Assessor	Implementation in a given Application domain.
Profile	A particular subset of the technologies used in MPAI-AIF or an AIW of
1101110	an Application Standard and, where applicable, the classes, other subsets,
	options and parameters relevant to that subset.
Record	A data structure with a specified structure.
Reference Model	The AIMs and theirs Connections in an AIW.
Reference Software	A technically correct software implementation of a Technical Specific-
recicione Bottware	ation containing source code, or source and compiled code.
Reliability	The attribute of an Implementation that performs as specified by the
	Application Standard, profile and version the Implementation refers to,
	e.g., within the application scope, stated limitations, and for the period of
	time specified by the Implementer.
Replicability	The attribute of an Implementation whose Performance, as Assessed by a
	Performance Assessor, can be replicated, within an agreed level, by
	another Performance Assessor.
Robustness	The attribute of an Implementation that copes with data outside of the
	stated application scope with an estimated degree of confidence.
Service Provider	An entrepreneur who offers an Implementation as a service (e.g., a
	recommendation service) to Users.
Standard	The ensemble of Technical Specification, Reference Software, Confor-
	mance Testing and Performance Assessment of an MPAI application
	Standard.
Technical	(Framework) the normative specification of the AIF.
Specification	,
r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	(Application) the normative specification of the set of AIWs belonging to an application domain along with the AIMs required to Implement the AIWs that includes:	
	1. The formats of the Input/Output data of the AIWs implementing the AIWs.	
	2. The Connections of the AIMs of the AIW.	
	3. The formats of the Input/Output data of the AIMs belonging to the AIW.	
Testing Laboratory	A laboratory accredited by MPAI to Assess the Grade of Performance of	
	Implementations.	
Time Base	The protocol specifying how Components can access timing information.	
Topology	The set of AIM Connections of an AIW.	
Use Case	A particular instance of the Application domain target of an Application Standard.	
User	A user of an Implementation.	
User Agent	The Component interfacing the user with an AIF through the Controller.	
Version	A revision or extension of a Standard or of one of its elements.	
Zero Trust	A model of cybersecurity primarily focused on data and service protection that assumes no implicit trust.	

Annex 2 - Notices and Disclaimers Concerning MPAI Standards (Informative)

The notices and legal disclaimers given below shall be borne in mind when downloading and using approved MPAI Standards.

In the following, "Standard" means the collection of four MPAI-approved and published documents: "Technical Specification", "Reference Software" and "Conformance Testing" and, where applicable, "Performance Testing".

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Annex 3 - The Governance of the MPAI Ecosystem (Informative)

Level 1 Interoperability

With reference to

Figure 1, MPAI issues and maintains a standard – called MPAI-AIF – whose components are:

- 1. An environment called AI Framework (AIF) running AI Workflows (AIW) composed of interconnected AI Modules (AIM) exposing standard interfaces.
- 2. A distribution system of AIW and AIM Implementation called MPAI Store from which an AIF Implementation can download AIWs and AIMs.

Implementers'

Upload to the MPAI Store and have globally distributed Implementations of

benefits

- AIFs conforming to MPAI-AIF.

- AIWs and AIMs performing proprietary functions executable in AIF.

Users' benefits MPAI Store

Rely on Implementations that have been tested for security.

- Tests the Conformance of Implementations to MPAI-AIF.

- Verifies Implementations' security, e.g., absence of malware.
- Indicates unambiguously that Implementations are Level 1.

Level 2 Interoperability

In a Level 2 Implementation, the AIW must be an Implementation of an MPAI Use Case and the AIMs must conform with an MPAI Application Standard.

Implementers' Upload to the MPAI Store and have globally distributed Implementations of benefits - AIFs conforming to MPAI-AIF.

- AIWs and AIMs conforming to MPAI Application Standards.

Users' - Rely on Implementations of AIWs and AIMs whose Functions have been

benefits reviewed during standardisation.

- Have a degree of Explainability of the AIW operation because the AIM

Functions and the data Formats are known.

Market's - Open AIW and AIM markets foster competition leading to better products.
benefits - Competition of AIW and AIM Implementations fosters AI innovation.

MPAI Store's - Tests Conformance of Implementations with the relevant MPAI Standard.

role - Verifies Implementations' security.

- Indicates unambiguously that Implementations are Level 2.

Level 3 Interoperability

MPAI does not generally set standards on how and with what data an AIM should be trained. This is an important differentiator that promotes competition leading to better solutions. However, the performance of an AIM is typically higher if the data used for training are in greater quantity and more in tune with the scope. Training data that have large variety and cover the spectrum of all cases of interest in breadth and depth typically lead to Implementations of higher "quality". For Level 3, MPAI normatively specifies the process, the tools and the data or the characteristics

For Level 3, MPAI normatively specifies the process, the tools and the data or the characteristics of the data to be used to Assess the Grade of Performance of an AIM or an AIW.

Implementers' May claim their Implementations have passed Performance Assessment.
benefits
Users' Get assurance that the Implementation being used performs correctly, e.g., it

benefits been properly trained.

Market's Implementations' Performance Grades stimulate the development of more

benefits Performing AIM and AIW Implementations.

MPAI Store's - Verifies the Implementations' security

role - Indicates unambiguously that Implementations are Level 3.

The MPAI ecosystem

The following is a high-level description of the MPAI ecosystem operation applicable to fully conforming MPAI implementations:

- 1. MPAI establishes and controls the not-for-profit MPAI Store (step 1).
- 2. MPAI appoints Performance Assessors (step 2).
- 3. MPAI publishes Standards (step 3).
- 4. Implementers submit Implementations to Performance Assessors (step 4).
- 5. If the Implementation Performance is acceptable, Performance Assessors inform Implementers (step 5a) and MPAI Store (step 5b).
- 6. Implementers submit Implementations to the MPAI Store (step 6); The Store Tests Conformance and security of the Implementation.
- 7. Users download Implementations (step 7).

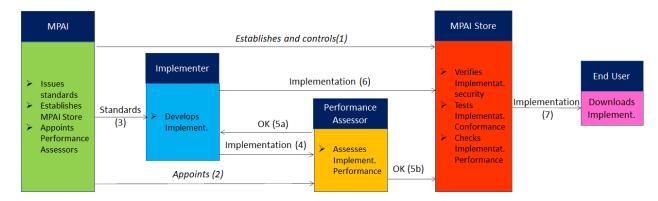


Figure 13 – The MPAI ecosystem operation

Annex 4 - Examples (Informative)

4.1 Audio Scene Geometry

An example of Audio Scene Geometry.

4.2 Damaged List

4.3 Editing List

}

Example of a complete Editing List with two elements: the first related to reading backwards error, whereas the second to speed and equalisation errors.

```
{
        "RestorationID": "3cdc2973-e95e-4125-acb7-121ad89067ef ", "PreservationAudioFileStart": "00:00:05.125", "PreservationAudioFileEnd": "00:00:15.230",
         "RestoredAudioFileURI": "http://www.place_to_be_defined.com/restored_2",
         "ReadingBackwords": false,
        "AppliedSpeedStandard": 7.5, "AppliedSampleFrequency": 48000,
         "OriginalEqualisationStandard": "IEC2"
}]
4.4
      Irregularity File
An example of Irregularity File from Audio Analyser to Video Analyser is:
         "Offset": 150,
         "Irregularities":
                 "IrregularityID": "09859d16-3c73-4bb0-9c74-91b451e34925",
                 "Source": "a"
                 "TimeLabel": "00:02:45.040"
        },
        {
                 "IrregularityID": "3cdc2973-e95e-4125-acb7-121ad89067ef", "Source": "a",
                 "TimeLabel": "00:04:89.020"
        }]
}
An example of Irregularity File from Video Analyser to Audio Analyser is:
         "Irregularities":
         [{
                 "IrregularityID": "09859d16-3c73-4bb0-9c74-91b451e34925",
                 "Source": "v"
                 "TimeLabel": "00:02:45.040"
        },
{
                 "IrregularityID": "3cdc2973-e95e-4125-acb7-121ad89067ef",
                 "Source": "v"
                 "TimeLabel": "00:04:89.020"
        }]
}
An example of Irregularity File from Audio Analyser to Tape Irregularity Classifier is:
         "Offset": 150,
         "Irregularities":
        [{
                 "IrregularityID": "09859d16-3c73-4bb0-9c74-91b451e34925",
                 "Source": "a",
"TimeLabel": "00:02:45.040",
"AudioSegmentURI": "http://www.place_to_be_defined.com/audio_segment_1"
        },
{
                 "IrregularityID": "3cdc2973-e95e-4125-acb7-121ad89067ef",
                 "Source": "v",
"TimeLabel": "00:04:89.020",
                 "AudioSegmentURI": "http://www.place_to_be_defined.com/audio_segment_2"
        }]
}
An example of Irregularity File from Video Analyser to Tape Irregularity Classifier is:
         "Offset": 150,
         "Irregularities":
         [{
                 "IrregularityID": "09859d16-3c73-4bb0-9c74-91b451e34925",
```

```
"Source": "a",
"TimeLabel": "00:02:45.040",
"ImageURI": "http://www.place_to_be_defined.com/image_1"
         },
{
                   "IrregularityID": "3cdc2973-e95e-4125-acb7-121ad89067ef",
                   "Source": "v",
"TimeLabel": "00:04:89.020",
"ImageURI": "http://www.place_to_be_defined.com/image_2"
         }]
}
An example of Irregularity File from Tape Irregularity Classifier to Tape Audio Restoration is:
          "Irregularities":
          [{
                   "IrregulatityID": "09859d16-3c73-4bb0-9c74-91b451e34925",
                   "Source": "a",
"TimeLabel": "00:02:45.040",
"IrregularityType": "ssv"
         },
{
                   "IrregulatityID": "3cdc2973-e95e-4125-acb7-121ad89067ef",
                   "Source": "a",
"TimeLabel": "00:04:89.020",
                   "IrregularityType": "esv"
         }]
}
An example of Irregularity File from Tape Irregularity Classifier to Packager is:
          "Offset": 150,
          "Irregularities":
                   "IrregulatityID": "09859d16-3c73-4bb0-9c74-91b451e34925",
                   "Source": "v",
"TimeLabel": "00:02:45.040",
                   "IrregularityType": "sot",
                   "ImageURI": "http://www.place_to_be_defined.com/image_1"
         },
{
                   "IrregulatityID": "3cdc2973-e95e-4125-acb7-121ad89067ef",
                   "Source": "b",
"TimeLabel": "00:04:89.020",
                   "IrregularityType": "sp",
                   "ImageURI": "http://www.place_to_be_defined.com/image_2"
         }]
}
       Microphone Array Geometry
  "MicrophoneArrayType": 0,
"MicrophoneArrayScat": 0,
  "MicrophoneArrayFilterURI": "https://mpai.community/standards/mpai-cae/",
  "SamplingRate": 4,
  "SampleType": 0,
"BlockSize": 3,
  "NumberofMicrophones": 4,
  "MicrophoneList": [
                  {
                            "xCoord": 1.0,
                            "yCoord": 2.0,
"zCoord": 3.0,
"directivity": 0,
                            "micxLookCoord": 70.2,
"micyLookCoord": 75.5,
"miczLookCoord": 87.3
                   },
```

Annex 5 - AIW and AIM Metadata of CAE-EES

5.1 AIW Metadata

```
"$schema": "https://json-schema.org/draft/2020-12/schema"
            "$id": "https://mpai.community/standards/resources/MPAI-AIF/V1/AIW-AIM-
"ImplementerID": 100,
"Specification": {
                       "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
                       "AIW": "CAE-EES",
"AIM": "CAE-EES",
                       "Version": "1"
           },
"Description":"This AIW implements EES application of MPAI-CAE",
            "Types":[
                                   "Name": "Speech_t",
"Type": "uint32[]"
                       },
                                   "Name": "Emotion_t",
"Type": "uint8"
                       },
                                   "Name": "EmotionList_t",
"Type": "Emotion_t[]"
                       },
                                   "Name": "Text_t",
"Type": "{byte[] One_Byte_Text | uint16[] Two_Byte_Text}""
                                   "Name": "SpeechFeatures_t",
"Type": "float[]"
           ],
"Ports":[
                                   "Name": "ModeSelection",
                                   "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Text_t",
                                   "Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                       },
                                   "Name":"ModelUtterance"
                                   "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Speech_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                                   "IsRemote": false
                       },
                                   "Name":"EmotionlessSpeech_1",
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Speech_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                       },
{
                                   "Name":"EmotionlessSpeech_2",
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Speech_t",
```

```
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                },
{
                                 "Name":"EmotionlessSpeechFeatures",
                                "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"SpeechFeatures_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                                 "IsRemote": false
                },
                                "Name": "SpeechFeatures_1",
"Direction": "IspeechFeatures_t",
"RecordType": "SpeechFeatures_t",
                                "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
                },
{
                                 "Name": "SpeechFeatures_2",
                                "Name":"SpeechFeatures_2",
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"SpeechFeatures_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                },
                                 "Name": "EmotionList",
                                "Name": "EmotionList",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Text_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
                },
{
                                 "Name": "Language",
                                Name: Language,
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Text_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                },
{
                                "Name": "SpeechWithEmotion",
"Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "Speech_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
                }
],
"SubAIMs":[
                                 "Name": "SpeechFeatureAnalyser1",
                                 "Identifier": {
                                                }
                                }
                },
{
                                 "Name": "SpeechFeatureAnalyser2",
                                 "Identifier": {
                                                 "ImplementerID": 100,
"Specification": {
    "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
                                                                 "AIW": "CAE-EES",
"AIM": "SpeechFeatureAnalyser2",
```

```
}
                                       }
                          },
{
                                       "Name": "EmotionFeatureProducer",
"Identifier": {
    "ImplementerID": 100,
    "Specification": {
        "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
                                                                  "AIW": "CAE-EES",
"AIM": "EmotionFeatureProducer",
"Version": "1"
                                                     }
                                       }
                          },
{
                                       "Name": "EmotionInserter",
"Identifier": {
                                                     "AIW": "CAE-EES",
"AIM": "EmotionInserter",
                                                                  "Version": "1"
                                                     }
                                       }
             ],
"Topology":[
                                       "Output":{
    "AIMName":"SpeechFeatureAnalyser1",
    "PortName":"SpeechFeatures_1"
                                       },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"EmotionInserter",
    "PortName":"SpeechFeatures_1"
                          },
                                       "Output":{
    "AIMName":"SpeechFeatureAnalyser2",
    "PortName":"EmotionlessSpeechFeatures"
                                       },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"EmotionFeatureProducer",
    ""FmotionlessSpeechFeature
                                                     "PortName": "EmotionlessSpeechFeatures"
                                       }
                          },
{
                                       "Output":{
    "AIMName":"EmotionFeatureProducer",
    "PortName":"SpeechFeatures_2"
                                       },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"EmotionInserter",
    "PortName":"SpeechFeatures_2"
                          }
             ]
}
5.2
          AIM Metadata
```

"Version": "1"

5.2.1 **Speech Feature Analyser1**

```
{
         "Identifier":{
                   "ImplementerID":100,
                   "Specification":{
    "Name": "CAE",
```

```
"AIW": "EES",
"AIM": "SpeechFeatureAnalyser1",
"Version":"1"
                       }
            },
"Description": "This AIM implements speech feature analyser 1 function for CAE-EES that
extracts Speech Features of a model emotional utterance and transfers them to the Emotion
Inserter.",
"Types":[
                       {
                                   "Name": "Speech_t",
"Type": "uint32[]"
                       },
                                   "Name": "SpeechFeatures_t",
"Type": "float[]"
           ],
"Ports":[
                                   "Name": "ModelUtterance",
                                   "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Speech_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                       },
{
                                   "Name": "EmotionlessSpeech",
                                   "Name": "EmotionlessSpeech"
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Speech_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
                       },
{
                                   "Name": "SpeechFeatures_1",
                                   "Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"SpeechFeature_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                                   "IsRemote": false
                       }
           ]
}
           Speech Feature Analyser2
5.2.2
{
            "Identifier":{
                        "ImplementerID":100,
                       "ImplementerID":100,
"Specification":{
    "Name": "CAE",
    "AIW": "EES",
    "AIM": "SpeechFeatureAnalyser2",
    "Version":"1"
                       }
           },
"Description": "This AIM implements speech feature analyser 2 function for CAE-EES that
extracts Speech Features of an emotionless input utterance, passing these to Emotion Feature
Inserter.",
            "Types":[
                       {
                                   "Name": "Speech_t",
"Type": "uint32[]"
                       },
                                   "Name": "SpeechFeatures_t",
"Type": "float[]"
                                   "Name": "EmotionlessSpeech_2",
```

```
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Speech_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                                        "IsRemote": false
                           },
{
                                        "Name":"EmotionlessSpeechFeatures",
"Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"SpeechFeatures_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                           }
             ]
}
             Emotion Feature Producer
5.2.3
{
              "Identifier":{
                           "ImplementerID":100,
                          "ImplementerID":100,
"Specification":{
    "Name": "CAE",
    "AIW": "EES",
    "AIM": "EmotionFeatureProducer ",
    "Version":"1"
                           }
             },
"Description": "This AIM implements emotion feature Producer function for CAE-EES that
receives the Speech Features produced by Speech Feature Analyser2 plus a list of Emotions to be added.",
             "Types":[
                                        "Name": "SpeechFeatures_t",
"Type": "float[]"
                           },
                                        "Name": "Emotion_t",
"Type": "uint8"
                           },
                                        "Name": "EmotionList_t",
"Type": "Emotion_t[]"
                                        "Name": "Text_t",
"Type": "{byte[] One_Byte_Text | uint16[] Two_Byte_Text}"
             ],
"Ports":[
                                         "Name": "EmotionlessSpeechFeatures",
                                        "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"SpeechFeatures_t",
                                        "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
                           },
                                        "Name": "EmotionList",
                                        "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"EmotionList_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                          },
{
                                        "Name":"Language",
                                        "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Text_t",
"Technology":"Software",
```

```
"Protocol":""
                                                                                                                  "IsRemote": false
                                                                           },
{
                                                                                                                "Name":"SpeechFeatures_2",
"Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"SpeechFeatures_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                                                           }
                                     ]
}
5.2.4 Emotion Inserter
                                       "Identifier":{
                                                                            "ImplementerID": 100,
                                                                           "Specification": {
    "Name": "CAE",
    "AIW": "EES",
    "AIM": "EmotionInserter",
                                                                                                                  "Version":"1"
                                                                            }
                                     },
"Description": "This AIM implements emotion inserter function for CAE-EES that integrates

Control of the Cartesian Co
the Speech Features with those of the Emotionless Speech input, yielding and delivering an emotionally modified utterance.",
                                      "Types":[
                                                                                                                 "Name": "Speech_t",
"Type": "uint32[]"
                                                                            },
                                                                            {
                                                                                                                 "Name": "Emotion_t",
"Type": "uint8"
                                                                           },
{
                                                                                                                 "Name": "EmotionList_t",
"Type": "Emotion_t[]"
                                                                                                                 "Name": "SpeechFeatures_t",
"Type": "float[]"
                                     ],
"Ports":[
                                                                                                                 "Name":"ModeSelection",
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Text_t",
                                                                                                                 "Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                                                           },
{
                                                                                                                  "Name": "SpeechFeatures_1",
                                                                                                                "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"SpeechFeatures_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                                                           },
{
                                                                                                                "Name":"SpeechFeatures_2",
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"SpeechFeatures_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                                                           },
```

```
{
    "Name":"EmotionlessSpeech",
    "Direction":"InputOutput",
    "RecordType":"Speech_t",
    "Protocol":"",
    "IsRemote": false
},
{
    "Name":"SpeechWithEmotion",
    "Direction":"OutputInput",
    "RecordType":"Speech_t",
    "Technology":"Software",
    "Protocol":"",
    "IsRemote": false
}
```

Annex 6 - AIW and AIM of ARP

6.1 AIW metadata

```
"Identifier": {
             "ImplementerID": 100,
             "Specification": {
    "Standard": "CAE",
                    "AIW": "ARP",
"AIM": "ARP",
                    "Version": "1.00"
      },
"Description": "This AIW implements ARP application of MPAI-CAE",
      "Types": [{
    "Name": "Audio_t",
    "Type": "uint32[]"
             "Name": "AudioFileArray_t",
"Type": "Audio_t[]"
             "Name": "Image_t",
"Type": "uint64[]"
             "Name": "IrregularityImages_t",
"Type": "Image_t[]"
             "Name": "Video_t",
"Type": "{int32 frameNumber; int16 x; int16 y; byte[] frame}"
             "Name": "JSON_t",
"Type": "{byte[] oneByteText | uint16[] twoByteText}"
"Name": "AccessCopyFiles_t",
"Type": "{AudioFileArray_t RestoredAudioFiles; JSON_t EditingList; IrregularityImages_t
IrregularityImages; JSON_t IrregularityFile}"
             "Name": "PreservationMasterFiles_t",
"Type": "{Audio_t PreservationAudioFile; Video_t PreservationAudioVisualFile;
IrregularityImages_t IrregularityImages; JSON_t IrregularityFile}"
      "Direction": "InputOutput", "RecordType": "Audio_t",
             "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
      },{
             "Name": "PreservationAudioVisualFile",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Frame_t",
             "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
             "Name": "AccessCopyFiles"
             Name: "AccessCopyFiles",
"Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "AccessCopy_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
             "Name": "PreservationMasterFiles",
"Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "PreservationMasterFiles_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"""
              "Protocol": "",
             "IsRemote": false
```

```
}],
"SubAIMs": [{
    "Name": "AudioAnalyser",
    "Identifier": {
    "TmplementerID": 101
              "ImplementerID": 101,
"Specification": {
    "Standard": "CAE",
                     "AIW": "ARP",
"AIM": "AudioAnalyser",
                     "Version": "1.00"
              }
        }
 },{
        "Name": "VideoAnalyser",
        "Identifier": {
    "ImplementerID": 102,
               "Specification": {
    "Standard": "CAE",
                     "AIW": "ARP",
"AIM": "VideoAnalyser",
"Version": "1.00"
              }
        }
 },{
        "Name": "TapeAudioRestoration",
        "Identifier": {
               Standard: "CAE",
"AIW": "ARP",
"AIM": "TapeAudioRestoration",
"Version": "1.00"
              }
        }
 },{
        "Name": "TapeIrregularityClassifier",
        "Identifier": {
               "ImplementerID": 104,
               "Specification": {
    "Standard": "CAE",
                     "AIW": "ARP",
"AIM": "TapeIrregularityClassifier",
"Version": "1.00"
              }
        }
        "Name": "Packager",
        "Identifier": {
               "ImplementerID": 105,
               "Specification": {
    "Standard": "CAE",
    "AIW": "ARP",
    "AIM": "Packager",
                      "Version": "1.00"
              }
       }
}],
"Topology": [{
    "Output": {
        "AIMName": "",
        "PortName": "PreservationAudioFile"
        ".
               "AIMName": "AudioAnalyser",
"PortName": "PreservationAudioFile"
 }.{
       "Output": {
    "AIMName": "",
    "PortName": "PreservationAudioFile"
       },
"Input": {
              "AIMName": "TapeAudioRestoration",
"PortName": "PreservationAudioFile"
```

```
},{
       "Output": {
              "AIMName": "",
"PortName": "PreservationAudioFile"
      },
"Input": {
    "AIMName": "Packager",
    "PortName": "PreservationAudioFile"
},{
       "Output": {
              "AIMName": ""
              "PortName": "PreservationAudioVisualFile"
      },
"Input": {
    "AIMName": "AudioAnalyser",
    "PortName": "PreservationAudioVisualFile"
},{
      "Output": {
    "AIMName": "",
    "PortName": "PreservationAudioVisualFile"
      },
"Input": {
              "AIMName": "VideoAnalyser",
"PortName": "PreservationAudioVisualFile"
},{
       "Output": {
              "AIMName": "",
"PortName": "PreservationAudioVisualFile"
      },
"Input": {
    "AIMName": "Packager",
    "PortName": "PreservationAudioVisualFile"
},{
       "Output": {
    "AIMName": "AudioAnalyser",
    "PortName": "IrregularityFileOutput_1"
      },
"Input": {
    "AIMName": "VideoAnalyser",
    "PortName": "IrregularityFileInput"
},{
       "Output": {
              .put : {
"AIMName": "VideoAnalyser",
"PortName": "IrregularityFileOutput_1"
      },
"Input": {
    "AIMName": "AudioAnalyser",
    "PortName": "IrregularityFileInput"
},{
       "Output": {
    "AIMName": "AudioAnalyser",
    "PortName": "IrregularityFileOutput_2"
       },
"Input": {
" TMNar
              "AIMName": "TapeIrregularityClassifier",
"PortName": "IrregularityFileInput_1"
},{
       "Output": {
              .put . {
"AIMName": "VideoAnalyser",
"PortName": "IrregularityFileOutput_2"
      },
"Input": {
    "AIMName": "TapeIrregularityClassifier",
    "PortName": "IrregularityFileInput_2"
},{
```

```
"AIMName": "TapeIrregularityClassifier",
"PortName": "IrregularityFileOutput_1"
      },
"Input": {
    "AIMName": "TapeAudioRestoration",
    "PortName": "IrregularityFile"
},{
               "AIMName": "TapeIrregularityClassifier",
"PortName": "IrregularityFileOutput_2"
               ut . {
"AIMName": "Packager",
"PortName": "IrregularityFile"
},{
       "Output": {
    "AIMName": "AudioAnalyser",
    "PortName": "AudioBlocks"
       },
"Input": {
    "AIMName": "TapeIrregularityClassifier",
    "PortName": "AudioBlocks"
},{
       "Output": {
    "AIMName": "VideoAnalyser",
    "PortName": "IrregularityImages"
       },
"Input": {
               "AIMName": "TapeIrregularityClassifier",
"PortName": "IrregularityImagesInput"
},{
       "Output": {
               "AIMName": "TapeIrregularityClassifier",
"PortName": "IrregularityImagesOutput"
               "AIMName": "Packager",
"PortName": "IrregularityImages"
},{
       "Output": {
    "AIMName": "TapeAudioRestoration",
    "PortName": "RestoredAudioFiles"
      },
"Input": {
    "AIMName": "Packager",
    "PortName": "RestoredAudioFiles"
},{
       "Output": {
               "AIMName": "TapeAudioRestoration",
"PortName": "EditingList"
      },
"Input": {
    "AIMName": "Packager",
    "PortName": "EditingList"
},{
       "Output": {
    "AIMName": "Packager",
    "PortName": "AccessCopyFiles"
       },
"Input": {
               "AIMName": "",
"PortName": "AccessCopyFiles"
       "Output": {
               "AIMName": "Packager",
```

```
"PortName": "PreservationMasterFiles"
},
"Input": {
        "AIMName": "",
        "PortName": "PreservationMasterFiles"
}
}],
"Implementations": []
}
```

6.2 AIM metadata

6.2.1 Audio Analyser

```
"Identifier": {
        "ImplementerID": 101,
        "Specification": {
    "Standard": "CAE",
               "AIW": "ARP",
"AIM": "AudioAnalyser",
               "Version": "1.00"
},
"Description": "This AIM implements the Audio Analyser.",
"Types": [{
    "Name": "Audio_t",
    "Type": "uint32[]"
       "Name": "AudioFileArray_t",
"Type": "Audio_t[]"
},{
       "Name": "Video_t",
"Type": "{int32 frameNumber; int16 x; int16 y; byte[] frame}"
       "Name": "JSON_t",
"Type": "{byte[] oneByteText | uint16[] twoByteText}"
"Name": "PreservationAudiof"
Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Audio_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
        "Name": "PreservationAudioVisualFile",
        "Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Video_t",
       "Technology": "Software";
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
        "Name": "IrregularityFileInput",
        "Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
        "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
        "IsRemote": false
        "Name": "IrregularityFileOutput_1",
       "Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
       "Name": "IrregularityFileOutput_2",
"Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
```

```
"Name": "AudioBlocks",
              "Name": "AudioBlocks",
"Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "AudioFileArray_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
      }],
"SubAIMs": [],
"Topology": [],
       "Implementations": []
}
6.2.2 Video Analyser
       "Identifier": {
              "ImplementerID": 102,
              "Specification": {
    "Standard": "CAE",
                      "AIW": "ARP",
"AIM": "VideoAnalyser",
                      "Version": "1.00"
       },
"Description": "This AIM implements the Video Analyser.",
       "Name": "IrregularityImages_t",
"Type": "Image_t[]"
              "Name": "Video_t",
"Type": "{int32 frameNumber; int16 x; int16 y; byte[] frame}"
              "Name": "JSON_t",
"Type": "{byte[] oneByteText | uint16[] twoByteText}"
       }],
"Ports": [{
    "Name": "PreservationAudioVisualFile",
    "--". "TnoutOutput",
              "Name": "PreservationAudiov"
Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Video_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityFileInput",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityFileOutput_1",
              "Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
              "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
              "IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityFileOutput_2",
              "Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
              "IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityImages",
              "Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "IrregularityImages_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
```

```
}],
"SubAIMs": [],
"Topology": [],
       "Implementations": []
}
6.2.3 Tape Irregularity classifier
       "Identifier": {
               "ImplementerID": 103,
              "Specification": {
    "Standard": "CAE",
                     "AIW": "ARP",
"AIM": "TapeIrregularityClassifier",
                      "Version": "1.00"
       "Description": "This AIM implements the Tape Irregularity Classifier.",
      "Types": [{
    "Name": "Audio_t",
    "Type": "uint32[]"
              "Name": "AudioFileArray_t",
"Type": "Audio_t[]"
              "Name": "Image_t",
"Type": "uint64[]"
              "Name": "IrregularityImages_t",
"Type": "Image_t[]"
              "Name": "JSON_t",
"Type": "{byte[] oneByteText | uint16[] twoByteText}"
      "Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "AudioFileArray_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
              "IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityFileInput_1",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityFileInput_2",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityImages",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "IrregularityImages_t",
              "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityFileOutput_1",
              "Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
              "IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityFileOutput_2",
              "Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
```

```
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
                "Name": "IrregularityImages",
"Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "IrregularityImages_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
        }],
"SubAIMs": [],
"Topology": [],
         "Implementations": []
}
6.2.4 Tape Audio Restoration
         "Identifier": {
                "ImplementerID": 104,
"Specification": {
    "Standard": "CAE",
                        "AIW": "ARP",
"AIM": "TapeAudioRestoration",
"Version": "1.00"
        },
"Description": "This AIM implements the Tape Audio Restoration.",
        "Types": [{
    "Name": "Audio_t",
    "Type": "uint32[]"
                "Name": "AudioFileArray_t",
"Type": "Audio_t[]"
                "Name": "JSON_t",
"Type": "{byte[] oneByteText | uint16[] twoByteText}"
        "Name": "PreservationAudior"
Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Audio_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
                "Name": "IrregularityFile",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
                 "Name": "RestoredAudioFiles",
                "Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "AudioFileArray_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
                 "IsRemote": false
                 "Name": "EditingList",
                "Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
                 "IsRemote": false
        }],
"SubAIMs": [],
"Topology": [],
"Implementations": []
}
```

```
6.2.5 Packager
```

```
{
       "Identifier": {
               "ImplementerID": 105,
              "Specification": {
    "Standard": "CAE",
    "AIW": "ARP",
    "AIM": "Packager",
    """
                      "Version": "1.00"
       },
"Description": "This AIM implements the Packager.",
       "Types": [{
    "Name": "Audio_t",
    "Type": "uint32[]"
              "Name": "AudioFileArray_t",
"Type": "Audio_t[]"
       },{
              "Name": "Image_t",
"Type": "uint64[]"
              "Name": "IrregularityImages_t",
"Type": "Image_t[]"
       },{
              "Name": "Video_t",
"Type": "{int32 frameNumber; int16 x; int16 y; byte[] frame}"
              "Name": "JSON_t",
"Type": "{byte[] oneByteText | uint16[] twoByteText}"
       },{
              "Name": "AccessCopyFiles_t",
"Type": "{AudioFileArray_t RestoredAudioFiles; JSON_t EditingList; IrregularityImages_t
IrregularityImages; JSON_t IrregularityFile}"
"Name": "PreservationMasterFiles_t",
"Type": "{Audio_t PreservationAudioFile; Video_t PreservationAudioVisualFile;
IrregularityImages_t IrregularityImages; JSON_t IrregularityFile}"
      "Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Audio_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
              "IsRemote": false
              "Name": "RestoredAudioFiles",
              "Name": "RestoredAud1011les",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "AudioFileArray_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
              "Name": "EditingList",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
              "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityFile",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "JSON_t",
              "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
              "Name": "IrregularityImages",
              "Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "IrregularityImages_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
```

```
"IsRemote": false
},{
    "Name": "PreservationAudioVisualFile",
    "Direction": "InputOutput",
    "RecordType": "Video_t",
    "Technology": "Software",
    "Protocol": "",
    "IsRemote": false
},{
    "Name": "AccessCopyFiles",
    "Direction": "OutputInput",
    "RecordType": "AccessCopyFiles_t",
    "Technology": "Software",
    "Protocol": "",
    "IsRemote": false
},{
    "Name": "PreservationMasterFiles",
    "Direction": "OutputInput",
    "RecordType": "PreservationMasterFiles_t",
    "Technology": "Software",
    "Protocol": "",
    "IsRemote": false
}],
    "SubAIMs": [],
    "Topology": [],
    "Implementations": []
```

Annex 7 - AIW and AIM of SRS

7.1 AIW metadata

```
"$schema": "https://json-schema.org/draft/2020-12/schema"
"$id": "https://mpai.community/standards/resources/MPAI-AIF/V1/AIW-AIM-
metadata.schema.json",
"title": "SRS AIF v1 AIW/AIM metadata",
"Identifier": {
            "ImplementerID": 100,
"Specification": {
                         "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
                         "AIW": "CAE-SRS",
"AIM": "CAE-SRS",
                         "Version": "1"
            }
},
"APIProfile": "Main",
"Description": "This AIW implements SRS application of MPAI-CAE",
 "Types":[
            {
                        "Name": "Speech_t",
"Type": "uin32[]"
            },
            {
                        "Name": "AudioSegments_t",
"Type": "Speech_t[]"
                         "Name": "JSON_t",
                         "Type": "{byte[] One_Byte_Text | uint16[] Two_Byte_Text}"
],
"Ports":[
                         "Name": "DamagedSegments"
                        "Name": "DamagedSegments",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Speech_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
            },
{
                         "Name": "DamagedList",
                        "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"JSON_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                         "IsRemote": false
            },
{
                        "Name":"TextList",
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"JSON_t",
                         "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
                         "IsRemote": false
            },
{
                         "Name": "AudioSegmentsForModelling",
                        "Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "AudioSegments_t",
"Technoogy": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
                         "IsRemote": false
            },
                         "Name": "RestoredSegment",
```

```
"Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"Speech_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                       "IsRemote": false
],
"SubAIMs":[
                     "Name": "SpeechMoue.c.
"Identifier": {
    "ImplementerID": 100,
    "Specification": {
        "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
        "AIW": "CAE-SRS",
        "AIM": "SpeechModelCreation",
        "Version": "1"
           },
{
                       "Name": "SpeechSynthesiser",
                       "Identifier": {
                                  "AIW": "CAE-SRS",
"AIM": "SpeechSynthesiser",
"Version": "1"
                                  }
                       }
           },
                       "Name": "Assembler",
"Identifier": {
                                  "AIW": "CAE-SRS",
"AIM": "Assembler",
"Version": "1"
                                  }
                       }
           }
],
"Topology":[
                       "PortName": "NeuralNetworkSpeechModel"
                       }
           },
{
                      "Output":{
    "AIMName":"SpeechSynthesiser",
    "PortName":"SynthesisedSpeech"
                      },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"Assembler",
    "PortName":"SynthesisedSpeech"
           }
]
```

}

7.2 AIM metadata

```
7.2.1
                     Speech Model Creation
{
                       "Identifier":{
                                            "ImplementerID":100,
                                            "Specification":{
                                                                  "Name": "CAE",
"AIW": "SRS",
"AIM": "SpeechModelCreation",
                                                                   "Version":"1
                                            }
                      },
"Description": "This AIM implements Speech Model Creation function for CAE-SRS that
receives Audio Segments for Modelling, a set of recordings composing a corpus that will be used
to train a Neural Network Speech Model in Speech Model Creation.",
                       "Types":[
                                            {
                                                                  "Name": "Speech_t",
"Type": "uin32[]"
                                            },
                                            {
                                                                  "Name": "AudioSegments_t",
"Type": "Speech_t[]"
                                            },
                                                                   "Name": "JSON_t"
                                                                  "Type": "{byte[] One_Byte_Text | uint16[] Two_Byte_Text}"
                      ],
"Ports":[
                                                                   "Name": "AudioSegmentsForModelling",
                                                                  "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"AudioSegments_t",
                                                                  "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
                                                                  "IsRemote": false
                                            },
{
                                                                  "Name":"NeuralNetworkSpeechModel",
"Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"Text_t",
                                                                 "Type":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                            }
                      ]
}
7.2.2
                      Speech Synthesiser
                       "Identifier":{
                                             "ImplementerID":100,
                                            "Specification": {
    "Name": "CAE",
    "AIW": "SRS",
    "AIM": "SpeechSynthesiser",
                                                                   "Version":"1
                                            }
                      },
"Description": "This AIM implements Speech Synthesiser function for CAE-SRS. The Neural
"This AIM implements Speech Synthesiser function for CAE-SRS. The Neural
"This AIM implements Speech Synthesiser function for CAE-SRS. The Neural
"This AIM implements Speech Synthesiser function for CAE-SRS. The Neural
"This AIM implements Speech Synthesiser function for CAE-SRS. The Neural
"This AIM implements Speech Synthesiser function for CAE-SRS. The Neural
"This AIM implements Speech Synthesiser function for CAE-SRS."

"This AIM implements Speech Synthesis Function for CAE-SRS."

"This AIM implements Speech 
Network Speech Model is passed to the Speech Synthesiser AIM, which also receives a Text List as input. Each element of Text List is a string specifying the text of a damaged section of Damaged
Segment (or of Damaged Segment as a whole). Speech Synthesiser produces synthetic replacements
for each damaged section (or for Damaged Segment as a whole) and passes the replacement(s) to
Assembler.",
                      "Types":[
```

"Name": "Speech_t",

```
"Type": "uin32[]"
                       },
                                  "Name": "AudioSegments_t",
"Type": "Speech_t[]"
                       },
                       {
                                  "Name": "Text_t",
"Type": "{byte[] One_Byte_Text | uint16[] Two_Byte_Text}"
                       }
                                  "Name": "JSON_t",
                                  "Type": "{byte[] One_Byte_Text | uint16[] Two_Byte_Text}"
           ],
"Ports":[
                                  "Name": "TextList",
                                  "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"JSON_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                                  "IsRemote": false
                       },{
                                  "Name": "NeuralNetworkSpeechModel",
                                 "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Text_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                                  "IsRemote": false
                      },{
                                  "Name": "SynthesisedSpeech",
                                 "Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"AudioSegments_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                       }
           ]
}
7.2.3
          Assembler
{
           "Identifier":{
                       "ImplementerID":100,
                      "Specification":{
    "Name": "CAE",
    "AIW": "SRS",
    "AIM": "Assembler",
                                  "Version":"1
           },
"Description": "This AIM implements Assembler function for CAE-SRS. Assembler receives as

Description a list indicating the locations
input the entire Damaged Segment, plus Damaged List Time Labels, a list indicating the locations
of any damaged sections within Damaged Segment. The list will be null if Damaged Segment in its entirety was replaced. Assembler produces as output Restored Segment, in which any repaired
sections have been replaced by synthetic sections, or in which the entire Damaged Segment has
been replaced.",
"Types":[
                       {
                                  "Name": "Speech_t",
"Type": "uin32[]"
                       },
                                  "Name": "AudioSegments_t",
"Type": "Speech_t[]"
                                  "Name": "Text_t",
                                  "Type": "{byte[] One_Byte_Text | uint16[] Two_Byte_Text}"
                       }
```

}

Annex 8 - AIW and AIM of EAE

8.1 AIW Metadata

```
{
  "$schema": "https://json-schema.org/draft/2020-12/schema",
  "$id": "https://mpai.community/standards/resources/MPAI-AIF/V1/AIW-AIM-metadata.schema.json",
   "title": "EAE AIF v1 AIW/AIM metadata",
      "Identifier": {
        "ImplementerID": 100,
        "Specification": {
    "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
           "AIW": "CAE-EAE",
"AIM": "CAE-EAE",
"Version": "1"
        }
     },
"APIProfile": "Main",
"Description": "This AIF is used to call the AIW of EAE",
                                          "Name":"Audio_t"
                                          "Type": "uint16[]",
                               },
           {
                                          "Name":"Array_Audio_t",
"Type":"Audio_t[]",
                               },
           {
                                           "Name": "TransformArray_Audio_t",
                                          "Type":"Array_Audio_t[]",
                               },
           {
                                          "Name":"Text_t",
"Type":"uint8[]",
                               }
     ],
"Ports": [
                                          "Name": "MicrophoneArrayAudio",
                                          "Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Array_Audio_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
                       "IsRemote": false
                               },
{
                                          "Name": "TransformMultichannelAudio",
                                          "Direction": "OutputInput",
"RecordType": "TransformArray_Audio_t",
                                          "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
                       "IsRemote": false
                               },
{
                                          "Name": "TransformMultichannelAudio",
                                          "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                       "IsRemote": false
                               },
                     {
                                           "Name": "MicrophoneArrayGeometry",
                                          "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"Text_t",
                                          "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
                       "IsRemote": false
```

```
},
{
                           \verb"Name": "Spherical Harmonics Decomposition",\\
                           "Direction": "OutputInput",
                           "RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
  "IsRemote": false
             },
{
                           "Name": "SphericalHarmonicsDecomposition",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
  "IsRemote": false
             },
{
                           "Name": "TransformSpeech"
                           "Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
  "IsRemote": false
             },
             {
                           "Name": "AudioSceneGeometry",
                           "Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"Text_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
  "IsRemote": false
             },
{
                           "Name": "SphericalHarmonicsDecomposition",
                           "Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
  "IsRemote": false
             },
             {
                           "Name":"TransformSpeech"
                           "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
  "IsRemote": false
             },
             {
                           "Name": "AudioSceneGeometry",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Text_t",
                           "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
  "IsRemote": false
             },
{
                           "Name": "DenoisedTransformSpeech",
                           "Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
  "IsRemote": false
             },
             {
                           "Name": "DenoisedTransformSpeech",
                           "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
  "IsRemote": false
            },
{
```

```
"Name": "DenoisedSpeech",
                                      "Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"Array_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                 "IsRemote": false
],
"SubAIMs": [
      {
            "Name": "AnalysisTransform",
"Identifier": {
               "ImplementerID": 100,
               "Specification": {
    "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
                 "AIW": "CAE-EAE",
"AIM": "AnalysisTransform",
"Version": "1"
              }
           }
     },
{
            "Name": "SoundFieldDescription",
            "Identifier": {
               "ImplementerID": 100,
               "Specification": {
                  "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
                 "AIW": "CAE-EAE",
"AIM": "SoundFieldDescription",
                  "Version": "1"
              }
           }
     },
{
            "Name": "SpeechDetectionandSeparation",
            "Identifier": {
               "ImplementerID": 100,
              "Specification": {
    "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
    "AIW": "CAE-EAE",
    "AIM": "SpecificationandSeparation",
                  "Version": "1"
              }
           }
     },
{
            "Name": "NoiseCancellation",
            "Identifier": {
               "ImplementerID": 100,
               "Specification": {
  "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
  "AIW": "CAE-EAE",
  "AIM": "NoiseCancellation",
                 "Version": "1"
              }
           }
            "Name": "SynthesisTransform",
            "Identifier": {
               "ImplementerID": 100,
               "Specification": {
    "Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
                 "AIW": "CAE-EAE",
"AIM": "SynthesisTransform",
                  "Version": "1"
              }
           }
     },
{
            "Name": "Packager",
            "Identifier": {
               "ImplementerID": 100,
"Specification": {
```

```
"Standard": "MPAI-CAE",
                    "AIW": "CAE-EAE",
"AIM": "Packager",
"Version": "1"
                 }
             }
      }
   ],
"Topology": [
                                {
                                                          "Output":{
    "AIMName":"",
    "PortName":"MicrophoneArrayAudio"
                                                         },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"AnalysisTransform",
    "PortName":"MicrophoneArrayAudio"
                                             },
   {
                                                          "Output":{
    "AIMName":"",
                                                                       "PortName": "MicrophoneArrayGeometry_1"
                                                         },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"SoundFieldDescription",
    "PortName":" MicrophoneArrayGeometry_1"
                                             },
   {
                                                          "Output":{
    "AIMName":"",
    "PortName":"MicrophoneArrayGeometry_2"
                                                         },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"Packager",
    "PortName":" MicrophoneArrayGeometry_2"
                                             },
   {
                                                           "Output":{
                                                                       "AIMName":"AnalysisTransform",
"PortName":"TransformMultiChannelAudio"
                                                         },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"SoundFieldDescription",
    "PortName":"TransformMultiChannelAudio"
                                             },
   {
                                                          "Output":{
    "AIMName":"SoundFieldDescription",
    "PortName":"SphericalHarmonicsDecomposition_1"
                                                         },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"SpeechDetectionandSeparation",
    "PortName":"SphericalHarmonicsDecomposition_1"
                                             },
   {
                                                          "Output":{
    "AIMName":"SoundFieldDescription",
    "PortName":"SphericalHarmonicsDecomposition_2"
                                                         },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"SpeechDetectionandSeparation",
    "PortName":"SphericalHarmonicsDecomposition_2"
                                             },
   {
                                                          "Output":{
    "AIMName":"SpeechDetectionandSeparation",
    "PortName":"TransformSpeech"
```

```
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"NoiseCancellation",
    "PortName":"TransformSpeech"
                                                          },
     {
                                                                                            "AIMName": "SpeechDetectionandSeparation",
"PortName": "AudioSceneGeometry_1"
                                                                          },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"NoiseCancellation",
    "PortName":"AudioSceneGeometry_1"
                                                          },
     {
                                                                           "Output":{
    "AIMName":"SpeechDetectionandSeparation",
    "PortName":"AudioSceneGeometry_2"
                                                                          },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"Packager",
    "PortName":"AudioSceneGeometry_2"
                                                          },
     {
                                                                           "Output":{
     "AIMName":"NoiseCancellation",
     "PortName":"DenoisedTransformSpeech"
                                                                          },
"Input":{
    "AIMName":"SynthesisTransform",
    "PortName":"DenoisedTransformSpeech"
                                                          },
     {
                                                                           "Output":{
                                                                                            "AIMName":"SynthesisTransform",
"PortName":"DenoisedSpeech"
                                                                                            "AIMName":"Packager",
"PortName":"DenoisedSpeech"
                                                                           }
                                                          }
],
"Implementations": [{
    "BinaryName": "eae.exe",
    "Architecture": "x64",
    "OperatingSystem": "Windows",
    "Version": "v0.1",
    "Source": "AIMStorage",
    "Destination": ""
              "Destination": ""
     }
        ],
 "ResourcePolicies": [
                         "Name": "Memory",
"Minimum": "50000",
"Maximum": "100000",
"Request": "75000"
     },
                         "Name": "CPUNumber",
"Minimum": "1",
"Maximum": "2",
"Request": "1"
     },
            {
                         "Name": "CPU:Class",
"Minimum": "Low",
"Maximum": "High",
"Request": "Medium"
     },
```

```
{
                               "Name": "GPU:CUDA:FrameBuffer",
                               "Minimum": "11GB_GDDR5X",
"Maximum": "8GB_GDDR6X",
"Request": "11GB_GDDR6"
            },
                    {
                               "Name": "GPU:CUDA:MemorySpeed",
"Minimum": "1.60GHz",
"Maximum": "1.77GHz",
"Request": "1.71GHz"
            },
                               "Name": "GPU:CUDA:Class",
"Minimum": "SM61",
"Maximum": "SM86",
"Request": "SM75"
            },
                               "Name": "GPU:Number",
"Minimum": "1",
"Maximum": "1",
"Request": "1"
            }
        ],
                               "Documentation":[
                                              {
                                                              "Type":"Tutorial",
"URI":"https://mpai.community/standards/mpai-cae/"
                                              }
                               ]
}
```

8.2 AIM Metadata

8.2.1 Metadata of CAE-EAE Analysis Transform AIM

```
{
          "Identifier":{
                    "ImplementerID":100,
                    "Specification":{
                              "Name": "CAE",
"AIW": "EAE",
"AIM": "AnalysisTransform",
"Version":"1"
          "Description": "This AIM implements analysis transform function for CAE-EAE that converts
microphone array audio into transform multichannel audio.",
          "Types":[
                    {
                "Name": "Audio_t",
"Type": "uint16[]"
           },
                               "Name": "Array_Audio_t",
                 "Type": "Audio_t[]"
                "Name": "Transform_Array_Audio_t",
"Type": "Array_Audio_t[]"
          ],
"Ports":[
                              "Name": "MicrophoneArrayAudio",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Array_Audio_t",
                              "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
```

8.2.2 Metadata of CAE-EAE Sound Field Description AIM

```
{
          "AIM":{
                    "ImplementerID": 100,
                    "Standard":{
                             "Name": "CAE",
"AIW": "EAE",
"AIM": "SoundFieldDescription",
                              "Version":"1"
                    },
"Description":"This AIM implements sound field description function for CAE-EAE
that converts transform multichannel audio into spherical harmonics decomposition.",

"Types":[
{
                              "Name": "Text_t",
"Type": "uint8[]"
                    },
                             {
"Name": "Audio_t",
"Type": "uint16[]"
                    },
                             "Name": "Array_Audio_t",
"Type": "Audio_t[]"
                             "Name": "Transform_Array_Audio_t",
"Type": "Array_Audio_t[]"
                    "Ports":[
                                        "Name": "TransformMultichannelAudio",
                                        "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
                                       "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol":"",
                                        "IsRemote": false
                             },
{
                                        "Name": "MicrophoneArrayGeometry",
                                        "Direction": "InputOutput",
                                        "RecordType":"Text_t"
                                       "Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
                                        "IsRemote": false
                             },
{
                                        "Name": "SphericalHarmonicsDecomposition",
```

8.2.3 Metadata of CAE-EAE Speech Detection and Separation AIM

```
{
           "AIM":{
                       "ImplementerID": 100,
                       "Standard":{
                                  "Name": "CAE",
"AIW": "EAE",
"AIM": "SpeechDetectionandSeparation",
                                   "Version":"1"
},
                       "Description": "This AIM implements speech detection and separation function for
CAE-EAE that converts spherical harmonics coefficients into transform speech and Audio Scene
Geometry.",
"Types":[
{
                                  "Name": "Text_t",
"Type": "uint8[]"
                       },
{
                                  "Name": "Audio_t",
"Type": "uint16[]"
                       },
                                  "Name": "Array_Audio_t",
"Type": "Audio_t[]"
                       },
                                  "Name": "Transform_Array_Audio_t",
"Type": "Array_Audio_t[]"
                     }
],
"Ports":[
{
                                              "Name": "SphericalHarmonicsDecomposition",
                                              "Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
                                             "Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                  },
{
                                              "Name":"TransformSpeech",
"Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
                                             "Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                  },
{
                                              "Name": "AudioSceneGeometry", "Direction": "OutputInput",
```

```
"RecordType": "Text_t",
                                                  "Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                     }
                        ],
"AIMs":[],
"Topology":[],
                         "Documentation":[
                                     {
                                                  "Type": "tutorial",
                                                  "URI": "https://mpai.community/standards/mpai-cae/"
                                     }
            }
}
8.2.4
            Metadata of CAE-EAE Noise Cancellation AIM
{
             "AIM":{
                         "ImplementerID": 100,
                         "Standard":{
                                      "Name": "CAE",
                                     "AIW": "EAE",
"AIM": "NoiseCancellation",
                                      "Version":"1"
                         },
"Description":"This AIM implements noise cancellation function for CAE-EAE that
converts transform speech into denoised transform speech.",
"Types":[
                                     "Name": "Text_t",
"Type": "uint8[]"
                         },
{
                                      "Name": "Audio_t",
"Type": "uint16[]"
                         },
                                     "Name": "Array_Audio_t",
"Type": "Audio_t[]"
                                     "Name": "Transform_Array_Audio_t",
"Type": "Array_Audio_t[]"
                        ],
"Ports":[
{
                                                  "Name":"SphericalHarmonicsDecomposition",
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                     },
{
                                                  "Name":"TransformSpeech"
                                                 name":"IransformSpeech",
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                     },
{
                                                  "Name": "AudioSceneGeometry",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Text_t",
"Technology": "Software",
```

```
"Protocol":""
                                           "IsRemote": false
                                },
{
                                           "Name": "DenoisedTransformSpeech",
                                           "Direction":"OutputInput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
                                           "IsRemote": false
                                }
                     ],
"AIMs":[
                     ],
"Topology":[
                      ],
                      "Documentation":[
                                {
                                           "Type":"tutorial",
"URI":"https://mpai.community/standards/mpai-cae/"
                                }
                      ]
          }
}
```

8.2.5 Metadata of CAE-EAE Synthesis Transform AIM

```
{
           "AIM":{
    "ImplementerID": 100,
                        "Standard":{
                                   ru :{
"Name": "CAE",
"AIW": "EAE",
"AIM": "SynthesisTransform",
"Version":"1"
                        },
"Description":"This AIM implements synthesis transform function for CAE-EAE that
converts denoised transform speech into denoised speech.",
                        "Types":[
{
                                   "Name": "Audio_t",
"Type": "uint16[]"
                        },
                        {
                                   "Name": "Array_Audio_t",
"Type": "Audio_t[]"
                       },
{
                                   "Name": "Transform_Array_Audio_t",
"Type": "Array_Audio_t[]"
                        }
                       ],
                        "Ports":[
                                               "Name":"DenoisedTransformSpeech",
"Direction":"InputOutput",
"RecordType":"TransformArray_Audio_t",
"Technology":"Software",
"Protocol":"",
"IsRemote": false
                                   },
{
                                               "Name": "DenoisedSpeech",
```

8.2.6 Metadata of CAE-EAE Packager AIM

```
{
               "AIM":{
                               "ImplementerID": 100,
                               "Standard":{

"Name": "CAE",

"AIW": "EAE",

"AIM": "Packager",

"Version":"1"
},
"Description":"This AIM implements packager function for CAE-EAE that converts denoised speech into Multichannel Audio + Audio Scene Geometry.",
"Types":[
{
                                               "Name": "Text_t",
"Type": "uint8[]"
                               },
{
                                               "Name": "Audio_t",
"Type": "uint16[]"
                               },
{
                                               "Name": "Array_Audio_t",
"Type": "Audio_t[]"
                               j,
"Ports":[
                                                               "Name": "DenoisedSpeech",
                                                              Name : DenoisedSpeech",
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Array_Audio_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
                                               },
{
                                                               "Name": "AudioSceneGeometry",
                                                               "Name : AudiosceneGeometry
"Direction": "InputOutput",
"RecordType": "Text_t",
"Technology": "Software",
"Protocol": "",
"IsRemote": false
                                               },
{
```